Compliance Calendar Quarter July to September 2022

"The Quarterly Compliance Calendar provides a useful way to track the compliances to be followed during the period with their respective due dates. It would serve as a ready reckoner for corporate compliance team. During the quarter, July to September in every year, the role and responsibility of a Company Secretary / Compliance Office / KMPs in a company is enormous. The compliance calendar for the said quarter is available in through the link of website. Company Secretary/ Compliance Officer may take advantage of the same and in addition advised to take all necessary steps to comply with the provisions of various acts, rules and regulations. Any non-compliance of the various provisions applicable in the Company may bring a severe penalty provisions and may make a governance issue in the Company."

PRIVATE COMPANIES

Due dates / Events	Compliances
July to September	There must be at least four Board Meetings in every calendar year and in the manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings in compliance with the provisions of section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial Standard-1.
	Where the board of directors are approving any contract or agreement to be entered with any related party under section 188 or in which any director is concerned or interested under section 184(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 then the interested director shall be entitled to participate in respect of such item after disclosure of his interest and register under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which such transaction is entered shall be placed at next Board Meeting in order to take the signature of all the directors who are present in the meeting.
	Note : Entry to be made in Register of contracts or arrangements regarding the contract or arrangement entered into by the Company with related party which are either not in its ordinary course of business or not on arm's length basis or both. After entering the particulars, such register or registers shall be placed before the next meeting of the Board and signed by all the directors present at the meeting.
	 To hold the meeting of Board of Directors of the Company: To fix the date of board meeting and send notice along with agenda in writing to every director of the company by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by facsimile or by e-mail or by any other electronic means by giving not less than 7 days' notice before the date of meeting, unless the Articles prescribe a longer period. In case of Company sends the notice by speed post or by registered post then additional two days shall be added for the service of notice.



	✤ In case, the Board meeting is conducted at a shorter notice, the Company may
	choose an expedient mode of sending notice.
	In case the facility of participation through electronic mode is being made available, the notice shall provide the information to the directors about the availability of such facility and provide them necessary information to avail such facility. Further, the notice shall also contain the contact number or e-mail address (es) of the Chairman or the Company Secretary or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the Director shall confirm in this regard.
	To hold the board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Rule 3 & 4 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 if meeting is held through video conferencing or other audio visual means.
	Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its notification dated June 15, 2021 has omitted Rule 4 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014.
	To obtain disclosures with respect to:
	his/her concern or interest in any company or companies or body corporate including any change therein in Form MBP-1 from all the directors and Key Managerial Personnel under Section 184(1) and 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, respectively.
	the confirmation in Form DIR-8 under Section 164(2) from all the directors of the Company with respect to their eligibility.
	To obtain Form DIR-2 and Form DIR 8 from the Additional Director for recommending their appointment by the Board of Directors as Director at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, if any.
	In case a person seeking appointment as Director in a Company (either in existing Company or at time of incorporation) and such person is national of a country which shares land border with India, then such person has to obtain security clearance form Ministry of Home Affairs and attach the same with the consent in Form DIR-2. If not applicable, then given declaration to that effect in Form DIR-2.
	[Refer CACS Bulletin:- <u>http://www.cacsindia.com/Uploads/Files/a154801b-76e6-4202-abbf-50eadf7d1a83.pdf]</u>
	To obtain eligibility certificate and Consent from the Auditors at the time of appointment/ re- appointment in terms of Section 139, 141 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the Board of Directors should also ensure the rotation of auditor at the Annual General Meeting, if applicable.
CSR Committee Meeting	If CSR is applicable on the Company then as per the CSR policy of the company, CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to update the Committee w.r.t. the status of the projects, programs or activities undertaken during the period.
	CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to recommend the following to the Board for its

approval:

	Recommendation of Annual Action Plan, CSR Activities and manner of implementation along with Budget for Financial Year 2022 – 23. (If not approved in the meeting convened in the last quarter). Further, the Board of Directors of the Company shall mandatorily disclose the composition of the CSR Committee, and CSR Policy and Projects approved by the Board on their website, if any, for public access.
	 If CSR was applicable on the Company during FY 2021-22, the CSR Committee shall recommend to the Board for the approval of the annual report on CSR activities as per the format specified in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, which shall form the part of Board's Report and also upload the same on website of the Company, if any.
	To obtain Certificate from Chief Financial Officer or the person responsible for financial management of the Company that CSR funds so disbursed have been utilised for the purposes and in the manner as approved.
	Transfer any unspent amount which does not relate to ongoing projects to a Fund specified in Schedule VII within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year and specify the reasons in Board report for not spending the amount.
	If the company is having any surplus arising out of the CSR activities shall not form part of the business profit of a company and the same is required to be ploughed back into the same project or transferred to the Unspent CSR Account and spent in pursuance of CSR policy and annual action plan of the company or transfer such surplus amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII, within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year.
Up to 15th July	To file RBI Annual Return on foreign liabilities and assets ('FLA'), it is required to be submitted by all the Indian resident companies which have received FDI and/ or made overseas investment in any of the previous year(s), including current year by July 15, 2022. It is to be submitted to the RBI through web based portal.
	Further, if Company would be filing such Annual Return on Foreign Liabilities and Assets (FLA return) based on un-audited (Provisional) financials of Company for FY 2021-22, then Once the accounts get audited and there are revisions in the provisional information submitted by the company earlier, they are supposed to submit the revised FLA return based on audited accounts by end of 30 th September, 2022.
	Company should ensure that the details of authorized person as registered in FLAIR Portal are updated and latest. In case of any change in details, the same should be updated.
Up to 30th September	Every individual who holds a Director Identification Number (DIN) as on March 31 of a Financial Year ("FY") as per these rules shall submit e-form DIR-3-KYC for the said FY to the Central Government on or before September 30 of immediate next FY.
	Where an individual who has already submitted e-form DIR-3 KYC in relation to any previous financial year, submits web-form DIR-3 KYC-WEB through the web service upto September 30 of immediate next FY.



Form MGT-14 Resolutions & Agreements to be filed	Form MGT-14 is required to be filed within 30 days from the date of passing the Board resolution or entering into agreement in respect of matters covered as per the provisions of section 117(3) of the Companies Act 2013, except clause (g) the said sub section.
Before Approval of Board report for previous financial year	All Companies who have made downstream investment shall obtain a certificate from its statutory auditor on an annual basis, before approval of Board Report for the FY 2021-22 and such compliance shall be mentioned in the Board report in the Annual Report of Company. In case statutory auditor has given a qualified report, the same shall be immediately brought to the notice of the regional office of the Reserve Bank in whose jurisdiction the Registered Office of the company is located and shall also obtain acknowledgement from the Registered Office. [Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 as notified on dated October 17, 2019 S.O. 3732(E) dated October 17, 2019]
Approval of Financial Statements and AGM related matters	 To fix a Board meeting in the manner stated above for consideration of Financial Statements and all other AGM related matters. The important items for the board meeting shall be as per schedule and in compliance with Section 173 read with the rules made thereunder. To take note of disclosures received from the directors To take note of the specific disclosure received from directors in respect of proposed contract or arrangement in the meeting To take note of minutes of previous Board and committee meetings, if any To recommend the dividend, if any To approve the auditors' fees To recommend the appointment/ ratification of Statutory Auditors, if any To approve the standalone and consolidated financial statements, if applicable. To apporve CSR Annual Report To consider and approve Annual Action Plan, CSR Activities along with Budget for Financial Year 2022-23. (If not approved in the meeting convened in the last quarter) To appoint and fix the remuneration of Cost Auditor, if applicable To apporve the board's Report alouditor for approval at AGM, if applicable. To appoint and fix the remuneration of Secretarial Auditor, if applicable To apporve the board's Report along with annexures To approve the place of maintaining the books of accounts, if maintained at a place other than registered office To approve all other special business which is to be included in the notice of AGM To fix the AGM date (If Financial year of the company ends on 31st March of this year the Annual General Meetings should not be more than 15 months).

CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

	 To approve the notice of AGM and authorize any director or the company secretary for the issuance of notice of the AGM To check: a) Regularization of additional director b) Appointment / Re-appointment of Managerial Personnel, as may be applicable c) Any other item requiring shareholders' approval Note: If Dividend declared by the Company at AGM, a separate bank account is to be opened and the dividend amount must be deposited with the bank within a period of five days from the date of declaration. Thereafter, the dividend amount shall be distributed among the entitled
	 shareholders of the company within thirty days from the date of the declaration. If, Dividend is not paid or claimed within thirty days from the date of the declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall, within seven days from the date of expiry of the said period of thirty days, transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed to a special account to be opened by the company in that behalf in any scheduled bank to be called the Unpaid Dividend Account. Further, the unpaid or unclaimed Dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of a company, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer shall be transferred by the company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as per the IEPF Rules, 2016.
Consolidation of Financial Statements	 The company shall present in the annual report, the consolidated financial statements of all subsidiaries, associate(s) or any joint venture companies duly audited by its statutory auditors, along with Auditors report thereon. The company shall also attach along with its financial statement, a separate
	statement in Form AOC-1 containing the salient features of the financial statement of its subsidiary or subsidiaries and associate company or companies.
Website	 The website of the company shall be updated by uploading the following: Notice of AGM CSR Policy, CSR Composition, CSR Projects and CSR Annual report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial statements of the Company Annual report of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 Copy of the annual return of the Company i.e. Form MGT-7 along with the Form MGT-8 and other necessary annexure. The information w.r.t. resignation from a director on its website Details of establishment of Vigil Mechanism, if applicable Details of Unpaid / Unclaimed dividend
AGM Notice	Notice of Annual General Meeting along with Annual Report shall be sent to the members, directors, auditors, debenture trustee and other entitled persons not less than 21 days before the meeting unless the Articles of Association of the Company prescribe a longer period.

For the purpose of reckoning twenty-one days clear Notice, the day of sending the Notice and the day of Meeting shall not be counted. Further in case the company sends the Notice by post or courier, an additional two days shall be provided for the service of Notice.

Notice and accompanying documents may be given at a shorter period of time if consent in writing is given thereto, by physical or electronic means, by not less than ninety-five per cent of the Members entitled to vote at such meeting.

Notice shall specify the day, date, time and full address of the venue of the Meeting.

Physical Meeting:

Notice shall contain complete particulars of the venue of the Meeting including route map and prominent land mark for easy location. In case of companies having a website, the route map shall be hosted along with the Notice on the website.

Notice shall be accompanied, by an attendance slip and a Proxy form (MGT-11) with clear instructions for filling, stamping, signing and/or depositing the Proxy form.

An opportunity should be provided to the members to register his e-mail address and changes therein from time to time with the company or with the concerned depository.

Notice of the meeting shall be sent by prescribed mode as mentioned in Section 20 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standard-2.

If notice is sent through electronic mode, then procedure prescribed in Rule 18 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is to be complied with.

Virtual Meeting:

If Company decides to hold AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) as per the MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars), there is no need to annex attendance slip, route map with prominent land mark for easy location, and Proxy form. However, compliances applicable to private company are to be ensured as mentioned in the circulars.

MCA vide Circular No. No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022, has allowed companies to conduct their AGM (which will become due in the year 2022) through VC or OAVM up to 31st December, 2022 in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the MCA Circular No. 02/2020 dated May 05, 2022.

Further, MCA clarified that this Circular shall not be construed as conferring any extension of time for holding of AGMs by the companies under the Companies Act, 2013, and the companies which do not adhere to the relevant timelines shall remain subject to legal action under the Companies Act, 2013.

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Annual Report to be forwarded to entitled persons	Board's Report along with the copies of full financial statement including consolidated financial statements, if any along with its attachments shall be sent to every Director, member, Auditor of the Company, trustees of the debenture holder and to all other entitled persons not less than 21 days before the date of meeting.
	Pursuant to MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars), the financial statements (including Board's report, Auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therewith) shall be sent only by email to the members, trustees for the debenture-holder of any debentures issued by the company, and to all other persons so entitled. Physical dispatch of the Annual Report is at the option of the Company in view of said circulars.
Inspection of documents	All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be open for inspection and time and place for inspection should be specified in the Explanatory Statement to notice of AGM. However, in view of relevant MCA circular, in case the Company is convening through VC/OAVM, then inspection of the documents must be available to the members electronically.
AGM	For the purpose of AGM, the following shall be taken care of-
Compliances	 Unless the articles of the Company otherwise provide, the members personally present at the meeting shall elect one of themselves to be Chairman thereof on show of hands. Quorum
	Companies Quorum
	CompaniesQuorumPrivate Company2
	Auditor shall, either by himself or through his authorized representative, who shall also be qualified to be an auditor, attend the AGM. He shall have a right to be heard at such meeting on any part of the business which concerns him as the auditor.
	In case the AGM is being convened through VC, then presence of Auditor is mandatory.
	 Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding and Register of Contracts or Arrangements with related parties shall be kept open for inspection at every AGM.
	Proxy shall not have the right to speak at such meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll or as per Articles of Association of the Company. However if the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then members cannot appoint proxy to attend the AGM.
	If the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM then the company has to ensure compliances as per the MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated 08 th April 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022

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	dated May 05, 2022.
	The Link of the above circular is provided at the end of Article.
ROC Compliance relating to AGM	To file Form DIR - 12 with the ROC for the regularization of additional director as a Director at the AGM, within 30 days from the date of passing the resolution in the AGM.
	 In case any special resolution(s) is passed by the company at the AGM, the same is required to be filed in Form MGT - 14 with the ROC within 30 days from the date of passing such resolution(s).
	 If the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then the company has to file all resolutions passed (including Ordinary resolution) shall be filed with ROC within 60 days of passing and such resolutions clearly indicating that the mechanism provided in the MCA circulars dated MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and along with other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder were duly complied.
	To file the Financial Statements including Consolidated Financial Statements, if applicable, in Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable) (with the ROC within 30 days from the date of Annual General Meeting. If the Company has Foreign Subsidiary then Accounts of Foreign Subsidiary is also to be attached and filed with Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable). Further, Financial Statement audited (under any law of the country of its incorporation) is in a language other than English, along with a translated copy of financial statement in English.
	To file annual return in Form MGT-7 with the ROC within 60 days from the date of Annual General Meeting. (Copy of MGT-8 is also required to be attached if applicable upon the company).
	To file Form CSR-2 up to 31 st March, 2023 after filing of financial statement in Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable)
	Appointment letter is to be given to the auditor after his appointment and notice of his appointment to be filed with ROC in Form ADT-1 within 15 days of appointment.
	 Appointment letter should be sent to the appointed directors, if any.
	 To file other documents/ E-forms as per businesses transacted at the AGM, as per the relevant provisions of the Act.
Secretarial Standards	As per section 118(10) of the Act, Provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of company secretaries of India and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs shall be complied by the company.
	Quick link to revised Secretarial Standard is <u>https://www.icsi.edu/WebModules/Announcement on Revised Secretarial Standards.pdf</u>



CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

	Guidance Note on General Meetings: https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/GN on General Meetings 31122020.pdf
Attention	The exceptions, modifications and adaptations shall be applicable to private companies which has not committed a default in filing its financial statements under section 137 of the said Act or annual return under section 92 of the said Act with the Registrar.



CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

LISTED COMPANIES

Due dates /	Compliances
Events	
July to September	Audit Committee:
-	There must be an Audit Committee meeting in every calendar quarter to review the details of
	related party transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to the omnibus approval,
	inter-alia, and other functions of the Committee as stated under Section 177 of the Companies
	Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and
	Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Further as per Regulation 18(2)(a) of the SEBI
	(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, audit committee shall
	meet at least four times in a year and not more than one hundred and twenty days shall elapse between two meetings.
	between two meetings.
	Nomination and Remuneration Committee:
	There must be at least one meeting in a year as per Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing
	Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	Stakeholders Relationship Committee:
	There must be at least one meeting in a year as per Regulation 20 of the SEBI (Listing
	Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	Rick Management Committee
	Risk Management Committee:
	There must be at least two meetings in a year as per Regulation 21 of the SEBI (Listing
	Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	Note: The manificant of this requisition shall be explicable to tag 1000 listed optimized determined
	Note: The provisions of this regulation shall be applicable to top 1000 listed entities, determined on the basis of market capitalization, as at the end of the immediate previous financial year and
	a high value debt listed entity.
	*Constitution of Risk Management Committee: The Risk Management Committee shall have
	minimum three members with majority of them being members of the board of directors,
	including at least one independent director. The Chairperson of the Risk management
	committee shall be a member of the board of directors and senior executives of the listed entity
	may be members of the committee.
	Board meetings:
	There must be at least four Reard Meetings in eveny calendar year in the manner that act mere
	There must be at least four Board Meetings in every calendar year in the manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings in
	compliance with the provisions of section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial
	Standard-1 and as per Regulation 17(2) read with the part A of the Schedule II of the SEBI
	LODR.



CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

Where the board of directors are approving any contract or agreement to be entered with any related party under section 188 or in which any director is concerned or interested under section 184(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 then the interested director shall be entitled to participate in respect of such item after disclosure of his interest and register under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which such transaction is entered shall be placed at next Board Meeting in order to take the signature of all the directors who are present in the meeting.

Note: Entry to be made in Register of contracts or arrangements regarding the contract or arrangement entered into by the Company with related party which are either not in its ordinary course of business or not on arm's length basis or both. After entering the particulars, such register or registers shall be placed before the next meeting of the Board and signed by all the directors present at the meeting.

To hold the meeting of Board of Directors of the Company:

- To fix the date of Board meeting and send notice along with agenda in writing to every director of the company/ any other entitled person, by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by facsimile or by e-mail or by any other electronic means by giving not less than 7 day notice before the date of meeting, unless the Articles prescribe a longer period. In case of Company sends the notice by speed post or by registered post then additional two days shall be added for the service of notice.
- In case, the Board meeting conducted at a shorter notice, the Company may choose an expedient mode of sending notice.
- In case the facility of participation through electronic mode is being made available, the notice shall provide the information to the directors about the availability of such facility and provide them necessary information to avail such facility. Further, the notice shall also contain the contact number or e-mail address (es) of the Chairman or the Company Secretary or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the Director shall confirm in this regard.
- To hold the Board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Rule 3 & 4 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 if meeting is held through video conferencing or other audio visual means.
- As per Guidance Note on SS-1 issued by ICSI, notes on items of business which are in the nature of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information may be given at a shorter period of time than stated above, with the consent of a majority of the Directors, which shall include at least one Independent Director, if any

To obtain following declarations, disclosures, offer letter, consent letter with respect to:

the confirmation in Form DIR-8 under section 164(2) from all the directors of the Company with respect to their eligibility for appointment or re- appointment, whether they are Rotational Director or Additional Director to be appointed as Director at the AGM.

change in his concern or interest in any company or companies or body corporate in

Form MBP-1 from all the directors and Key Managerial Personnel under section 184(1) and 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, respectively.

- declaration from Independent Directors under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 16(1)(b) & 25(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015, in case there is any change in the circumstances which may affect his status as an independent Director.
- To obtain the information about the changes in the committee positions held by every director in other listed entities in terms of Regulation 26(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- To obtain disclosures by the senior management to the Board of directors relating to all material, financial and commercial transactions, where they have personal interest that may have a potential conflict with the interest of the listed entity at large in terms of Regulation 26(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- To obtain offer letter, Form DIR-2 from the Rotational Directors and offer letter, Form DIR-2 and Form DIR-8 from Additional Director (along with Rs. 1 lakh) for his Appointment at the Annual General Meeting

As per section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, the requirements of deposit of amount shall not apply in case of the appointment of an independent director or a director recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any, constituted under sub-section (1) of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 or a director recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company, in the case of a company not required to constitute Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

To obtain eligibility certificate and consent from the Statutory Auditors at time of appointment / re-appointment in terms of Section 139 and 141 of Companies Act, 2013. Further, the eligibility certificate should also be taken on annual basis during the tenure of the auditor.

To obtain Form DIR-2 and Form DIR 8 from the Additional Director for recommending their appointment by the Board of Directors as Director at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, if any.

In case a person seeking appointment as Director in a Company (either in existing Company or at time of incorporation) and such person is national of a country which shares land border with India, then such person has to obtain security clearance form Ministry of Home Affairs and attach the same with the consent in Form DIR-2. If not applicable, then given declaration to that effect in Form DIR-2.

[Refer CACS Bulletin:- <u>http://www.cacsindia.com/Uploads/Files/a154801b-76e6-4202-abbf-50eadf7d1a83.pdf]</u>

CSR Committee Meeting	If CSR is applicable on the Company then as per the CSR policy of the company the CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to update the Committee w.r.t. the status of the projects, programs or activities undertaken during the period.
	CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to recommend the following to the Board for its approval:
	Recommendation of Annual Action Plan, CSR Activities and manner of implementation along with Budget for Financial Year 2022 – 23. (If not approved in the meeting convened in the last quarter). Further, the Board of Directors of the Company shall mandatorily disclose the composition of the CSR Committee, and CSR Policy and Projects approved by the Board on their website, if any, for public access.
	If CSR was applicable on the Company during FY 2021-22, the CSR Committee shall recommend to the Board for the approval of the annual report on CSR activities as per the format specified in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, which shall form the part of Board's Report and also upload the same on website of the Company, if any.
	To obtain Certificate from Chief Financial Officer or the person responsible for financial management of the Company that CSR funds so disbursed have been utilised for the purposes and in the manner as approved.
	Transfer any unspent amount which does not relate to ongoing projects to a Fund specified in Schedule VII within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year and specify the reasons in Board report for not spending the amount.
	If the company is having any surplus arising out of the CSR activities shall not form part of the business profit of a company and the same is required to be ploughed back into the same project or transferred to the Unspent CSR Account and spent in pursuance of CSR policy and annual action plan of the company or transfer such surplus amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII, within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year.
Up to 15 th July	To file RBI Annual Return on foreign liabilities and assets ('FLA'), it is required to be submitted by all the Indian resident companies which have received FDI and/ or made overseas investment in any of the previous year(s), including current year by July 15, 2022. It is to be submitted to the RBI through web based portal.
	Further, if Company would be filing such Annual Return on Foreign Liabilities and Assets (FLA return) based on un-audited (Provisional) financials of Company for FY 2021-22, then Once the accounts get audited and there are revisions in the provisional information submitted by the company earlier, they are supposed to submit the revised FLA return based on audited accounts by end of 30 th September, 2022.
	Company should ensure that the details of authorized person as registered in FLAIR Portal are updated and latest. In case of any change in details, the same should be updated.

CAC	Corporate Actions, Concrete Solutions Concrete Solutions Company Secretaries
21 st July	Holding of specified securities and shareholding pattern:
	To submit a statement showing holding of securities and shareholding pattern separately for each class of securities, in the format specified by the Board from time to time within twenty-one days from the end of each quarter as per Regulation 31(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	SEBI vide its Circular dated June 30 th , 2022 <u>(which shall come into force with effect from the quarter ending September 30, 2022</u>) and with a view of providing further clarity and transparency in the disclosure of shareholding pattern to the investors in the securities market have made following changes in the reporting of shareholding patter:
	In the disclosure of public shareholding, names of the shareholders holding 1% or more than 1% of shares of the listed entity is to be disclosed.
	Names of the shareholders who are persons acting in concert, if available, shall be disclosed separately.
	For revised format as prescribed by SEBI, Please refer below link to SEBI Circular:
	SEBI: https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/jun-2022/disclosure-of-holding-of-specified-securities- and-holding-of-specified-securities-in-dematerialized-form 60459.html
	BSE: <u>https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20220630-</u> <u>38</u>
	NSE FAQ: <u>https://static.nseindia.com//s3fs-public/inline-</u> files/NSE Circular 30062022%20FAQ.pdf
	Corporate Governance Report:
	To submit a quarterly compliance report on Corporate Governance in the format as specified by the Board from time to time to the recognized stock exchange(s) within twenty days from close of the quarter as per Regulation 27(2)(a) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	Further, such Corporate Governance Report should be placed before the board in the next board meeting.
	Grievance Redressal Mechanism:
	To file with the recognized stock exchange(s) on a quarterly basis, within twenty-one days from the end of each quarter, a statement giving the number of investor complaints pending at the beginning of the quarter, those received during the quarter, disposed of during the quarter and those remaining unresolved at the end of the quarter per Regulation 13(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	Further, such Statement shall be placed, on quarterly basis, before the board in the next board

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CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

	meeting.
30 th July	Reconciliation of share certificate Audit report:
	To obtain a Reconciliation of share certificate Audit report as per Regulation 76 of SEBI (Depositories and participants) Regulation, 2018 from a Practicing Company Secretary or Practicing Chartered Accountant and to send to all the stock exchanges within 30 days from the end of quarter, where the shares of the company are listed.
	Further, such Statement shall be placed, on quarterly basis, before the board in the next board meeting.
14 th August	Audited / Un – Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results:
	To submit quarterly and year-to-date standalone and consolidated financial results to the stock exchange within forty – five days of end of each quarter.
	To fix the date of board meeting and send notice in writing to every director of the company by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by facsimile or by e-mail or by any other electronic means by giving not less than 7 days' notice before the date of meeting, unless the Articles prescribe a longer period. In case of Company sends the notice by speed post or by registered post or then additional two days shall be added for the service of notice.
	In case the facility of participation through electronic mode is being made available, the notice shall provide the information to the directors about the availability of such facility and provide them necessary information to avail such facility. Further, the notice shall also contain the contact number or e-mail address (es) of the Chairman or the Company Secretary or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the Director shall confirm in this regard.
	To hold the Board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Rule 3 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 if meeting is held through video conferencing or other audio visual means.
	To intimate the date of Board meeting to the Stock Exchange at least 5 days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and date of the meeting), where the standalone and consolidated financial results viz. quarterly, half yearly, or annual, as the case may be, are to be considered.
	Certificate from Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the listed entity shall be placed before the board that the financial results do not contain any false or misleading statement or figures and do not omit any material fact which may make the statements or figures contained therein misleading.
	To submit quarterly and year-to-date standalone and consolidated (if applicable) financial results to the stock exchange within forty-five days of end of each quarter in terms of Regulation 33(3)(a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

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	To submit the limited review report in case of submission of unaudited financial results or audit report in case of submission of audited financial results by the company in terms of Regulation 33(3)(c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. As per Regulation 33(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entity shall ensure that the statutory auditor of a listed entity shall undertake a limited review of the audit of all the entities/ companies whose accounts are to be consolidated with the listed entity as per applicable accounting standards in accordance with guidelines issued by the Board on this matter.
	To publish the financial results as specified in Regulation 33, along with the modified opinions(s) or reservation(s), if any expressed by auditor, within 48 hours of conclusion board meeting in at least one English daily newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India and in one daily newspaper published in the language of the region, where the registered office of the company is situated (the matter of publication should also be in regional language in regional newspaper).
	Note: If both the standalone and consolidated financial results are submitted, then the company shall need to publish the consolidated financial results along with turnover, profit before tax and profit after tax on standalone basis as a foot note and also the link of the website from which the standalone results are available.
	 To send copy of newspaper clippings to Stock exchange simultaneously after publishing in the newspaper.
	☆ As per Schedule III, Part A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, companies are required to submit the financial results to the Stock Exchange within 30 minutes of closure of the Meeting (The listed entity must ensure that if board meeting is held for more than one day, then the financial results shall be disclosed within 30 minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered).
Dividend Declaration	To intimate the declaration of dividend date of board meeting to the Stock Exchange at least 2 working days in advance (excluding the date of intimation and date of meeting) as per Regulation 29 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	If interim/final dividend is declared/recommend, the company should intimate the Stock Exchanges within 30 minutes of closure of the Meeting, where such dividend is declared.
	To intimate to all the recognized stock exchange at least 7 working days in advance (excluding the date of intimation and record date), about the book closure or record date as per Regulation 42 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To make an advertisement in English newspaper and in vernacular language, where the registered office of the company is situated, at least 7 days before the date of book closure stating the date, place and venue of the meeting and dates of closure of its

	transfer books and purpose of closure of books.
	To recommend or declare all dividend at least five working days (excluding the date of intimation and the record date) before the record date fixed for the purpose.
	If dividend is declared by the Company, a separate bank account need to be opened and the dividend amount must be deposited with the bank within a period of five days from the date of declaration.
	Thereafter, the dividend amount shall be distributed among the entitled shareholders of the company within thirty days from the date of the declaration.
	If, Dividend is not paid or claimed within thirty days from the date of the declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall, within seven days from the date of expiry of the said period of thirty days, transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed to a special account to be opened by the company in that behalf in any scheduled bank to be called the Unpaid Dividend Account.
	Further, the unpaid or unclaimed Dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of a company, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer shall be transferred by the company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as per the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016.
30 th	To hold the Board Meeting for approval of below mentioned matters:
September	To fix the date of board meeting and send notice in writing to every director of the company by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by facsimile or by e-mail or by any other electronic means by giving not less than 7 days' notice before the date of meeting, unless the Articles prescribe a longer period. In case of Company sends the notice by speed post or by registered post or then additional two days shall be added for the service of notice.
	In case the facility of participation through electronic mode is being made available, the notice shall provide the information to the directors about the availability of such facility and provide them necessary information to avail such facility. Further, the notice shall also contain the contact number or e-mail address (es) of the Chairman or the Company Secretary or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the Director shall confirm in this regard.
	To hold the Board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Rule 3 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 if meeting is held through video conferencing or other audio visual means.
	Note: MCA vide its notification dated 15 th June, 2021 has omitted Rule 4 of the

Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Consequent upon the said amendment, Board Meeting may be held through video conferencing or other audio visual means in accordance with Rule 3 of The Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 in compliance with Section 173 read with the rules made thereunder.

- To hold the board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Section 173 read with the rules made thereunder.
 - To take note of disclosure/declaration(s) received from the directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company
 - To take note of the specific disclosure received from the directors in respect of proposed contract or arrangement in the meeting
 - To take on record Committee Meetings Minutes
 - To take note of resolution passed by circulation by board of directors since last board meeting, if any
 - To take note of the disclosure/submission(s) to stock exchange where the securities of the Company are listed in terms of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - To take note of Related Party Transactions for the quarter ended June 30, 2022
 - To take note minutes of the Board Meetings of subsidiaries of the Company
 - To recommend the dividend on per share basis (all dividend and/or cash bonuses should be recommended or declared at least 5 working days before commencement of the closure of its transfer books or the record date fixed for the purpose).
 - To approve and consider items as per Part A of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - To review the compliance certificate on the laws applicable to the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2022
 - To approve annual action plan in pursuance of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company and CSR Budget, Projects and Programs for the Financial Year 2022
 23 (if not approved in last quarter)
 - To consider and recommend the payment of dividend, if any, for the Financial Year 2021-22
 - To consider and approve opening of Dividend Account
 - To take on record the certificate from Chief Executive Officer & CFO on Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 under Regulation 33(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - To consider and approve the Audited Financial Results (Standalone and Consolidated) along with the Auditors Report under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - To appoint Internal Auditor for the FY 2022 -23
 - To appoint Secretarial Auditor for the FY 2022 -23
 - To take note of Secretarial Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
 - To take note Internal Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
 - To take note Cost Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
 - To appoint Cost Auditor for the FY 2022 -23, if applicable
 - To recommend remuneration to Cost Auditor for approval at AGM
 - To approve the Annual Report on CSR for the FY 2021 -22
 - To take note of Annual Secretarial Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
 - To recommend the appointment of auditors

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	 To recommend the appointment of retiring directors To approve the Board's Report along with its annexures including Corporate Governance Report, Management Discussion and Analysis and Business Responsibility Report for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022 To approve all other special business which is to be included in the notice of AGM To fix AGM date (IF Financial year of the company ends on 31st March of this year the Annual General Meeting must be held on or before 30th September, 2022. However, gap between two Annual General Meetings should not be more than 15 months). To fix book closure dates/record date To fix dates for remote e-voting by shareholders (remote e-voting should remain open for not less than 3 days and shall close at 5:00 PM on the date preceding the date of the general meeting) To fix record date for determining shareholders, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, who may cast their vote electronically To appoint an agency for providing e – voting services for the AGM To approve the notice for convening the AGM and authorize any director or the company secretary for the issuance of notice of the AGM To check: a) Regularization of additional director b) Appointment / Re-appointment of Managerial Personnel, as may be applicable c) Any other item requiring shareholders' approval
Consolidation of Financial Statements	 The company shall present in the annual report, the consolidated financial statements of all subsidiaries, associate(s) or any joint venture companies duly audited by its statutory auditors, along with Auditors report thereon.
	The company shall also attach along with its financial statement, a separate statement in Form AOC-1 containing the salient features of the financial statement of its subsidiary or subsidiaries and associate company or companies.
Up to 30th September	Every individual who holds a Director Identification Number (DIN) as on March 31 of a Financial Year ("FY") as per these rules shall submit e-form DIR-3-KYC for the said FY to the Central Government on or before September 30 of immediate next FY.
	Where an individual who has already submitted e-form DIR-3 KYC in relation to any previous financial year, submits web-form DIR-3 KYC-WEB through the web service upto September 30 of immediate next FY.
Before Approval of Board report for previous	All Companies who have made downstream investment shall obtain a certificate from its statutory auditor on an annual basis, before approval of Board Report for the FY 2021-22 and such compliance shall be mentioned in the Board report in the Annual Report of Company.
financial year	In case statutory auditor has given a qualified report, the same shall be immediately brought to the notice of the regional office of the Reserve Bank in whose jurisdiction the Registered Office of the company is located and shall also obtain acknowledgement from the Registered Office.
	[Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 as notified on dated October 17, 2019 S.O. 3732(E) dated October 17, 2019]



	Form MGT-14 is required to be filed within 30 days from the date of passing the Board
	resolutions, if any of powers are exercised in Board Meeting as contained in Section 117(3) of the Companies Act 2013 and Rule 8 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers)Rule 2014.
Filing of Statement of deviation or Variation in XBRL mode by Companies	 In terms of Regulation 32(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 following statement(s) on a quarterly basis for public issue, rights issue, preferential issue etc. a. indicating deviations, if any, in the use of proceeds from the objects stated in the offer document or explanatory statement to the notice for the general meeting, as applicable; b. indicating category wise variation (capital expenditure, sales and marketing, working capital etc.) between projected utilisation of funds made by it in its offer document or explanatory statement to the notice for the general meeting, as applicable and the actual utilisation of funds. In terms of Regulation 32(6) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, where the listed entity has appointed a monitoring agency to monitor utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, the listed entity shall submit to the stock exchange(s) any comments or report received from the monitoring agency within 45 days from the end of each quarter.
	Please note that the listed companies are required to submit Statement of Deviation or Variation in PDF mode along with the submission of Financial results in PDF mode and Statement of Deviation or Variation in XBRL mode shall be submitted along with the submission of the Financial results in XBRL mode.
	For the purpose of reckoning twenty-one days clear Notice, the day of sending the Notice and the day of Meeting shall not be counted. Further in case the company sends the Notice by post or courier, an additional two days shall be provided for the service of Notice. Notice and accompanying documents may be given at a shorter period of time if consent in writing is given thereto, by physical or electronic means, by not less than ninety-five per cent of the Members entitled to vote at such meeting. Notice shall specify the day, date, time and full address of the venue of the Meeting. Physical Meeting: Notice shall contain complete particulars of the venue of the Meeting including route map and prominent land mark for easy location. In case of companies having a website, the route map shall be hosted along with the Notice on the website.

An opportunity should be provided to the members to register his e-mail address and changes therein from time to time with the company or with the concerned depository.

Notice of the meeting shall be sent by prescribed mode as mentioned in Section 20 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standard-2.

If notice is sent through electronic mode, then procedure prescribed in Rule 18 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is to be complied with.

Virtual Meeting:

If Company decides to hold AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) as per the MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars) and SEBI vide its Circular Nos. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, there is no need to annex attendance slip, route map with prominent land mark for easy location, and Proxy form. However, compliances applicable to public company are to be ensured as mentioned in the circulars.

- Before sending the notices and copies of the financial statements, etc. a public notice by way of advertisement be published at least once in a vernacular newspaper in the principal vernacular language of the district in which the registered office of the Company is situated and having a wide circulation in that district, and at least once in English language in an English newspaper having a wide circulation in that district, preferably both newspapers having electronic editions and specifying in the advertisement information as mentioned in the circular.
- Transcript shall be maintained and recorded in safe custody by the Company. In case of a public company, the recorded transcript of the meeting, shall as soon as possible, be also made available on the website (if any) of the Company.

MCA vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05th May, 2022, has allowed companies to conduct their AGM (which will become due in the year 2021) through VC or OAVM up to 31st December, 2022 in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05th May, 2020.

Further, MCA vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05th May, 2022 shall not be construed as conferring any extension of time for holding of AGMs by the companies under the Companies Act, 2013, and the companies which do not adhere to the relevant timelines shall remain subject to legal action under the Companies Act, 2013.

Note: The top 100 listed entities by market capitalization, determined as on March 31st of every financial year, shall hold their annual general meetings within a period of five months from the date of closing of the financial year.

Annual	Soft copies of full annual report to all those shareholder(s) who have registered their
Report to be	email address(es) either with the listed entity or with any depository;
forwarded to	Hard copy of statement containing the salient features of all the documents, as
entitled	prescribed in Section 136 of Companies Act, 2013 or rules made thereunder to those
persons	shareholder(s) who have not so registered;

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	 Hard copies of full annual reports to those shareholders, who request for the same
	SEBI vide general circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 and SEBI/HO/DDHS/P/CIR/2022/0063 dated May 13, 2022 dispensed the requirement of sending physical copies of annual report to shareholders for the year 2022 under Regulation 36 (1)(b) and (c) and Regulation 58 (1)(b) &(c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and requirement of proxy for general meetings held through electronic mode, are extended for listed entities, till December 31, 2022.
	For detailed notification, please refer the link:
	Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022:
	https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20220517-24
	https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20220516-4
Annual Report to be forwarded to Stock	A copy of the annual report sent to the shareholders along with the notice of the annual general meeting not later than the day of commencement of dispatch to its shareholders;
Exchanges	 In the event of any changes to the annual report, the revised copy along with the details of and explanation for the changes shall be sent not later than 48 hours after the annual general meeting
	The annual report shall contain any other disclosures specified in Companies Act, 2013 along with other requirements as specified in Schedule V of these regulations.
	 Filings in respect of Annual Report have to be filed by all the listed entities in XBRL mode in addition to the currently used PDF mode mandatorily at the time of filing of financial results in the form AOC-4XBRL with the ROC.
Postal Ballot	Every company, except One Person Companies and other companies having less than or equal to two hundred Members, shall transact items of business as prescribed, only by means of postal ballot instead of transacting such business at a General Meeting in accordance with the section 110(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 22(16) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rule, 2014 and Secretarial Standard- 2.
	Items of business which shall be passed only by postal ballot
	 alteration of the objects clause of the memorandum and in the case of the company in existence immediately before the commencement of the Act, alteration of the main objects of the memorandum
	 alteration of articles of association in relation to insertion or removal of provisions which are required to be included in the articles of a company in order to constitute it a private company
	change in place of registered office outside the local limits of any city, town or village
	ullet change in objects for which a company has raised money from public through

	pro	spectus and	still has any unutilized a	mount out of the mo	oney so raised
	 issu 	ue of shares	with differential rights as	to voting or dividen	d or otherwise
	🛠 var	iation in the	rights attached to a class	s of shares or deben	tures or other securities
	🔹 buy	y-back of sha	ares by a company		
	🛠 app	pointment of	a Director elected by sm	all shareholders	
	the		wns more than one unde		ing of a company or where r substantially the whole of
	-	•	extending guarantee or p lution prescribed under a	. ,	excess of the limit specified es or regulations.
	and special OAVM or p	resolutions bassing of c	by companies by holding	g extra-ordinary gen ough postal ballot	ified on passing of ordinary eral meeting through VC or without convening general
Inspection of Financial Statements and other documents	All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement and required statutory Register and Certificate shall be open for inspection and time and place for inspection should be specified in the Explanatory Statement to notice of AGM. However, in view of MCA circulars, in case the Company is convening AGM / EGM through VC/OAVM, then inspection of the documents must be available to the members electronically.				
AGM	For the purpose of AGM, the following shall be taken care of:				
Compliances	 Unless the articles of the Company otherwise provide, the members personally present at the meeting shall elect one of themselves to be Chairman thereof on show of hands. Auditor shall, either by himself or through his authorized representative, who shall also be qualified to be an auditor, attend the AGM. He shall have a right to be heard at such meeting on any part of the business which concerns him as the auditor. 				
	In case the AGM is being convened through VC, then presence of Auditor is mandatory.				
	 Secretarial Auditor shall, either by himself or through his authorized representative shall be present at the AGM. 				
	♦ Quo	rum			
	Г	Companies	Number of members	Quorum	
		•	on the date of meeting	-	
		Public	Not more than 1000	5]
		Company	More than 1000 but	15	
			upto 5000		1
			More than 5000	30	

	 The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, or any other Member of any such Committee authorised by the Chairman of the respective Committee to attend on his behalf, shall attend the Annual General Meeting Following documents are to be kept open for inspection at every AGM, inter-alia,:
	- Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding
	 Register of Contracts and Arrangements with related parties Certificate from Secretarial auditor on the ESOP Scheme(s), if any.
	 Proxy shall not have the right to speak at such meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll.
	However if the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then members cannot proxy to attend and members present through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of quorum.
ROC Compliance relating to	To file Form DIR 12 with the ROC for the regularization of additional director within 30 days from the date of passing the resolution in the AGM.
AGM	In case any special resolution(s) or ordinary resolution(s) is passed by the company at the AGM, the same is required to be filed in Form MGT 14 with the ROC within 30 days from the date of passing such resolution(s).
	If the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then the company has to file all resolutions passed (including Ordinary resolution) shall be filed with ROC in form MGT-14 within 60 days of passing and such resolutions clearly indicating that the mechanism provided in the MCA circulars along with other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder were duly complied.
	To file the Financial Statements including Consolidated Annual Accounts, if applicable, in Form AOC-4 XBRL with the ROC within 30 days from the date of Annual General Meeting. If the Company has Foreign Subsidiary, then Accounts of Foreign Subsidiary is also to be attached and filed with Form AOC-4 XBRL, if applicable. Further, Financial Statement audited (under any law of the country of its incorporation) is in a language other than English, along with a translated copy of financial statement in English.
	To file annual return in Form MGT-7 with the ROC within 60 days from the date of Annual General Meeting.
	To file Form CSR-2 up to 31 st March, 2023 after filing of financial statement in Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable)
	 Report on AGM shall be prepared in prescribed manner and should be filed with Registrar in Form MGT-15 within 30 days of conclusion of AGM.
	Appointment letter is to be given to the auditor after his appointment and notice of his appointment to be filed with ROC in Form ADT-1 within 15 days of appointment.



	Appointment letter should be sent to the appointed directors
	To file any other documents as per Notice of AGM
Stock Exchange Compliances relating to AGM	 To submit proceedings of the Annual General Meeting to the Stock Exchange not later than twenty four hours from the occurrence of event or information; To submit to the stock exchange, within two working days of conclusion of its General Meeting, details regarding the voting results in the prescribed format under Regulation 44 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, here it is noticeable that the report of scrutinizer has to be submitted within 2 working days in terms of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 or 3 days in terms of requirement of Companies Act, 2013, whichever is earlier.
Unclaimed Shares	Any unclaimed shares or any corporate benefits not claimed by shareholders shall be credited to a demat suspense account with one of the Depository Participants opened by the issuer. The details of the same will have to be disclosed in the Annual Report of the Company according to the schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
Disclosure of funds raised through Preferential Allotment or qualified institution placement	Where an entity has raised funds through preferential allotment or qualified institution placement, the listed entity shall disclose every year, the utilization of such funds during that year in its Annual Report until such funds are fully utilized.
Secretarial Standards	As per section 118(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 provisions of effective from October 1, 2017 as amended up to 31 st December, 2020 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), the Companies needs to comply with the applicable Secretarial Standards. Quick links: Guidance Note on Meetings of the Board of Directors: <u>https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/GN on Meetings of BOD 3122020.pdf</u> Guidance Note on General Meetings: <u>https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/GN on General Meetings 31122020.pdf</u> Due to COVID-19 outbreak and lockdown situation prevailing in the Country, various provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under have already been relaxed by the MCA for ease of compliance by the stakeholders and the ICSI has issued clarification/ Guidance on
	applicability of Secretarial Standards on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS – 1) and General Meetings (SS – 2) dated 03.04.2020 and 15.04.2020 Quick links: <u>https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/ssb/Guidance on applicability of SS-1.pdf</u> <u>https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/ssb/Guidance on SS-2 15 04 2020.pdf</u>

Items to be placed before the Board

Actions by the Board as per Listing Regulations	 In case of any change or appointment of new share transfer agent, the tripartite agreement between listed company, existing share transfer agent and new share transfer agent shall be placed in the subsequent meeting of the board of directors. This regulation shall not be applicable to the units issued by mutual funds that are listed on recognized stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 7(4) and 7(6) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. To place on quarterly basis, before the board of directors, a statement giving the
	number of investor complaints pending at the beginning of the quarter, those received during the quarter, disposed of during the quarter and those remaining unresolved at the end of the quarter in terms of Regulation 13(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To review, periodically, the compliance reports pertaining to all laws applicable to the listed entity, prepared by the listed entity as well as steps taken by the listed entity to rectify instances of non-compliances in terms of the Section 205 of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(3) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	 The board shall satisfy itself that plans are in place for orderly succession for appointment to the board of directors and senior management in terms of Regulation 17(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. To law down the code of conduct for all members of the board of directors and
	To lay down the code of conduct for all members of the board of directors and senior management which include the duties of independent directors as laid down in Companies Act, 2013 in term of Regulation 17(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	 The board shall recommend all fees or compensation, if any, paid to non – executive directors, including independent directors in terms of Regulation 17 (6) (a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To place minimum information before the board of directors as specified in Part A of Schedule II in terms of Regulation 17(7) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To provide the compliance certificate to the board of directors by the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer as specified in Part B of Schedule II in terms of Regulation 17(8) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To lay down the procedures to inform members of the Board about the risk assessment and minimization procedures in terms of 17(9)(a) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

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 The board of directors shall be responsible for framing, implementing and monitoring the risk management plan for the listed entity in terms of Regulation 17(9)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The performance evaluation of independent directors shall be done by the entire board of directors. The directors subject to evaluation shall not participate in terms of Regulation 17(10) of the Securites and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. On January 5, 2017, SEBI has issued a circular as a guidance note on Board evaluation. The hyperlink of the same has been included here http://www.sebi.gov.in/cms/sebi data/attachdocs/1483607537807.pdf. The independent directors of the company shall hold at least one meeting in a financial year, without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of management. The Board of directors shall define the role and responsibility of the Risk Management Committee and may delegate monitoring and reviewing of the risk management plan to the committee and such other functions as it may deem fit such function shall specifically cover cyber security. To place the minutes of the RIAs must be shared with the Issuer Company within 3 months from the end of Financial Year. The same must be noted in the meeting of bligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Internal Audit Report of the RIAs must be shared with the Issuer Company within 3 months from the end of Financial Year. The same must be noted in the meeting of bligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The management of the unlisted subsidiary company in terms of Regulation 24(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The management of the unlisted subsidiary shall be the	
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opinion of the board of directors of the company in terms of Regulation 30(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. (Events specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III are deemed to be material events)	the board of directors of the listed entity, a statement of all significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the unlisted subsidiary in terms of Regulation 24(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing
✤ To make disclosure of the events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III in	opinion of the board of directors of the company in terms of Regulation 30(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. (Events specified in Para A of Part A of
	✤ To make disclosure of the events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III in



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terms of Regulation 30(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, based on application of the guidelines for materiality, as specified in Regulation 30(4). (Regulation 30(4)(i):
Criteria for determination of materiality of events/ information:
(a) the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or
(b) the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date;
(c) in case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a) and (b) are not applicable, an event/ information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of listed entity, the event/ information is considered material.)
 To frame a policy for determination of materiality, based on criteria specified in regulation 30(4)(i), duly approved by its board of directors, which shall be disclosed on its website in terms of Regulation 30(4)(ii) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 In terms of Regulation 30(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to authorize one or more Key Managerial Personnel:
 for determining materiality of an event or information for making disclosures to stock exchange(s)
The contact details of such personnel shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s) and on the listed entity's website.
 In terms of Regulation 40(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the board of directors may delegate the power of transfer of securities to a committee or to compliance officer or to the registrar to an issue and/or share transfer agent(s).
The board of directors and/or the delegated authority shall attend to the formalities pertaining to transfer of securities at least once in a fortnight.
The delegated authority shall report on transfer of securities to the board of directors in each meeting.
With effect from January 1, 2022, the Top 1000 listed entities by market capitalization calculated as on March 31 of the preceding financial year, shall undertake Directors and Officers insurance ('D and O insurance') for all their independent directors of such quantum and for such risks as may be determined by its board of directors



No employee including key managerial personnel or director or promoter of a listed entity shall enter into any agreement for himself / herself or on behalf of any other person, with any shareholder or any other third party with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with dealings in the securities of such listed entity, unless prior approval for the same has been obtained from the Board of Directors.
A certificate from CFO or the person responsible for financial management certifying that the funds so disbursed for the purpose of CSR have been utilised for the purposes and in the manner as approved by it.
 To place on quarterly basis, before the board of directors, Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report under Regulation 76 of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018.
As per SEBI Circular dated November 04, 2019: CRAs shall meet the audit committee of the rated entity, at least once in a year, to discuss issues including related party transactions, internal financial control and other material disclosures made by the management, which have a bearing on rating of the listed NCDs.
The Board shall ensure that approval of shareholders for appointment of a person on the Board of Directors or as a manager is taken at the next general meeting or within a time period of three months from the date of appointment, whichever is earlier. [Ref. Regulation 17 (1C) of LODR]

POLICIES TO BE FORMULATED AS PER SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

Policies as per Listing Regulations	To formulate an effective vigil mechanism/whistle blower policy enabling stakeholders, including individual employees and their representatives bodies, to freely communicate their concerns about illegal or unethical practices as per Regulation 4 (2) (d) (iv) and Regulation 22 (1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	 To formulate a policy in terms of Regulation 9 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for preservation of documents, approved by its board of directors, classifying them in at least two categories as follows-
	(a) documents whose preservation shall be permanent in nature;(b) documents with preservation period of not less than eight years after completion of the relevant transactions.
	 The listed entity may keep documents specified above in electronic mode.
	 To formulate a policy for determining 'material' subsidiary in terms of explanation of Regulation 16(1)(c) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To formulate a code of conduct in terms of Regulation 17(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015for all members of board of directors and senior management of the listed entity. The code of conduct shall incorporate the duties of independent directors as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013.
	In terms of Regulation 17(9)(a) & b of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to lay down procedures to inform members of board of directors about risk assessment and minimization procedures.
	To formulate a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions in terms of Regulation 23(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	The audit committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the policy on related party transactions of the listed entity and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature in terms of Regulation 23(3)(a) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To formulate familiarization program for independent directors which shall include nature of the industry in which the listed entity operates, business model of the listed entity, roles, rights, responsibilities of independent directors and any other relevant information in terms of Regulation 25(7) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
	To frame a policy for determination of materiality, based on criteria specified in regulation 30(4)(i), duly approved by its board of directors, which shall be disclosed on its website in terms of Regulation 30(4)(ii) of the Securities and



	Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
*	
*	The listed entity shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to stock exchange(s) under this regulation, and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the listed entity for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the listed entity, as disclosed on its website.
*	Top 1000 listed entities based on market capitalization, calculated as on March 31 of every financial year, shall formulate dividend distribution policy in terms of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
*	The Policy shall be disclosed in the annual report of the Company
*	 Contents of the policy: the circumstances under which the shareholders of the listed entities may or may not expect dividend; the financial parameters that shall be considered while declaring dividend; internal and external factors that shall be considered for declaration of dividend;
	 policy as to how the retained earnings shall be utilized; and parameters that shall be adopted with regard to various classes of shares
*	Policy and procedure for inquiry in case of leak of UPSI or suspected leak of UPSI
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*	determination of 'legitimate purpose' To amend Code of Conduct as per regulation 9(1) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 to cover trading by its designated persons and immediate relatives of designated persons
*	Policy relating to remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and
	other employees as per Part D of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
*	Devising a Policy on diversity of board of directors as per Part D of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
*	Risk Management Policy as per Part D of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015



BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

Reference	Particulars
Regulation	Mandatory Applicability:
34(2)(f) of	Top 1000 hundred listed entities based on market capitalization, calculated as on March
SEBI (Listing	31 of every financial year.
Obligations	
and Disclosure	Voluntary Applicability:
Requirements)	 Listed entities other than 1000 listed companies based on market capitalization.
Regulations,	Listed entities having their specified securities listed on SME Exchange.
2015	
	The requirement of submitting a Business Responsibility Report (BRR) shall be discontinued after the financial year 2021–22 and thereafter, with effect from the financial year 2022–23, the top 1000 listed entities based on market capitalization shall submit a Business Responsibility And Sustainability Report (BRSR) in the format as specified by the Board from time to time.
	For format of BRSR, Please refer to below link:
	https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20210511- 30
	Further, even during the financial year 2021–22, the top 1000 listed entities may voluntarily submit a business responsibility and sustainability report in place of the mandatory business responsibility report.
	The annual report shall contain a business responsibility report describing the initiatives taken by the listed entity from an environmental, social and governance perspective, in the format as specified by SEBI in its vide circular CIR/CFD/CMD/10/2015 dated November 4, 2015.
	The listed entities which have been submitting sustainability reports to overseas regulatory agencies/ stakeholders based on internationally accepted reporting frameworks need not prepare a separate report for the purpose of the guidelines but only furnish the same to their stakeholders along with the details of the framework under which their Business Responsibility Report has been prepared and a mapping of the principles contained in the guidelines to the disclosures made in their sustainability reports.
	Nine principles have been specified by SEBI in its vide circular CIR/CFD/CMD/10/2015 dated November 4, 2015 to assess compliance with environmental, social and governance norms.
	 Principle 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with ethics, transparency and accountability
	 Principle 2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle



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*	Principle 3:
	Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees
*	Principle 4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized
*	Principle 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights
*	Principle 6: Businesses should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment.
*	Principle 7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner
*	Principle 8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development
*	Principle 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

SEBI (PROHIBITION OF INSIDER TRADING) REGULATION, 2015

Insider Trading	 Every person on appointment as a KMP or a director of the company or upon becoming a promoter shall disclose his holding of securities of the company as on the date of appointment or becoming a promoter, to the company within seven days of such appointment or becoming a promoter. Continual Disclosures to be given by every premeter appleves and director of every
	Continual Disclosures to be given by every promoter, employee and director of every company in respect of securities acquired or disposed of within two trading days of such transaction if:
	 Value of securities traded (in one transaction or a series) over a calendar quarter aggregates to a traded value in excess of 10 lakh rupees or such other specified value.
	Every Company shall notify such particulars to the stock exchange within 2 trading days of receipt of the disclosure or from becoming aware of such information in the format prescribed by the SEBI.
	Further, the Company shall provide the information including PAN number of Promoter(s) including member(s) of the promoter group, designated person(s) and director(s) as per SEBI PIT Regulations to the designated depository and the manual disclosure is not required if the Company is complying with SEBI Circular on Automation of Continual Disclosures under Regulation 7(2) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading)



Regulations, 2015 - System driven disclosures – Ease of doing business.
Further, in case of any subsequent update in the details of the entities, the listed company shall update the information with the designated depository on the same day.
[Refer SEBI Circular-
https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/aug-2021/automation-of-continual-disclosures- under-regulation-7-2-of-sebi-prohibition-of-insider-trading-regulations-2015-system- driven-disclosures-ease-of-doing-business 51848.html
https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/sep-2020/automation-of-continual-disclosures- under-regulation-7-2-of-sebi-prohibition-of-insider-trading-regulations-2015-system- driven-disclosures 47523.html]
Quick Link of format prescribed by SEBI:
https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DownloadAttach.aspx?id=20210209- 40&attachedId=136b48d5-deb2-45a6-9de6-09bdc3d58f3d
Disclosure by other connected persons- Any company with its securities listed may require any connected person or class of connected persons to make disclosures of holding and trading in securities in such form and at such frequency as determined by the company in order to monitor compliance with these regulations.
Code of Fair Disclosure- The board of directors of every company, whose securities are listed on a stock exchange, shall formulate and publish on its official website, a code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information that it would follow in order to adhere to each of the principles set out in Schedule A to these regulations, without diluting the provisions of these regulations in any manner.
Every such code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information and every amendment thereto shall be promptly intimated to the stock exchanges where the securities are listed.
✤ Trading window
Trading window shall be closed by the closure of each quarter till the 48 hours after the declaration of financial results in the Board Meeting.
Further, the trading window shall be closed when the compliance officer determines that a designated person or class of designated persons can reasonably be expected to have possession of unpublished price sensitive information.
 ✤ Trading plan
An insider shall be entitled to formulate a trading plan and present it to the compliance officer for approval and public disclosure pursuant to which trades may be carried out on his behalf in accordance with such plan
Such trading plan shall not entail trading for the period between the twentieth trading day

	prior to the last day of any financial period for which results are required to be announced by the issuer of the securities and the second trading day after the disclosure of such financial results
	 i. Such trading plan shall not entail commencement of trading on behalf of the insider earlier than six months from the public disclosure of the plan. ii. Such trading plan shall not entail trading for the period between the twentieth trading day prior to the last day of any financial period for which results are required to be announced by the issuer of the securities and the second trading day after the disclosure of such financial results. iii. Such trading plan shall entail trading for a period of not less than twelve months iv. Such trading plan shall not entail overlap of any period for which another trading plan is already in existence v. Such trading plan shall set out either the value of trades to be effected or the number of securities to be traded along with the nature of the trade and the intervals at, or dates on which such trades shall be effected;
	The timing for re-opening of the trading window shall be determined by the compliance officer taking into account various factors including the unpublished price sensitive information in question becoming generally available and being capable of assimilation by the market, which in any event shall not be earlier than forty-eight hours after the information becomes generally available.
	Updation of the Structured digital database containing the names of such persons or entities as the case may be with whom information is shared along with the Permanent Account Number or any other identifier authorized by law where Permanent Account Number is not available.
Code of Conduct	Every company having Code of Conduct under these regulations shall ensure that such a Code of Conduct provides for suitable protection against any discharge, termination, demotion, suspension, threats, harassment, directly or indirectly or discrimination against any employee who reports any information relating to violation of insider trading laws to SEBI.
	For the purpose of this "employee" means any individual who during employment may become privy to information relating to violation of insider trading laws and files a Voluntary Information Disclosure Form under these regulations and is a director, partner, regular or contractual employee, but does not include an advocate.
	Please refer the below mentioned link: https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/regulations/sep-2019/securities-and-exchange-board-of- india-prohibition-of-insider-trading-third-amendment-regulations-2019 44341.html
	As per Regulation 9A(3) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), the board of directors of every listed company and the board of directors or head(s) of the organisation of intermediaries and fiduciaries shall ensure that the Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director or such other analogous person ensures compliance with regulation 9 and sub-regulations (1) and (2) of the regulation.

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CHANDRASEKARAN ASSOCIATES® COMPANY SECRETARIES

	♦ As per Regulation 9A(4) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015
	As per Regulation 9A(4) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), the Audit Committee of a listed company or other analogous body for intermediary or fiduciary shall review compliance with the provisions of these regulations at least once in a financial year and shall verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively.
Policy and Code (s)	 Policy for determination of 'legitimate purpose' as a part of "Codes of Fair Disclosure and Conduct" formulated under Regulation 3 and 8 of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
	Policy on whistle Blower Policy to make employees aware of such Policy to enable employees to report instances of leak of unpublished price sensitive information under Regulation 9 (6) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
	Code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information formulated under Regulation 8 of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
	Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by its designated persons and immediate relatives of designated persons as set out in Schedule B under Regulation 9(1) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
Reporting to STX regarding violations under SEBI (Prohibition	 SEBI vide Circular No. SEBI/HO/ISD/ISD/CIR/P/2020/135 dated July 23, 2020, had Specified the standard format for reporting of violations related to CoC in terms of clause 13 of Schedule B (in case of listed companies) and clause 11 of Schedule C (in case of intermediaries and fiduciaries) read with Regulation 9 of the PIT Regulations, the listed companies, intermediaries and fiduciaries.
of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 relating to the Code of Conduct (CoC)	 Quick Link of format prescribed by SEBI: <u>https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DownloadAttach.aspx?id=20200724-</u> <u>10&attachedId=90535fe2-15f6-4eab-81e9-7322528fc486</u>



UNLISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

Regulation 24A of SEBI Regulations, 2015	Material unlisted subsidiaries incorporated in India shall undertake secretarial audit and shall annex a secretarial audit report by a company secretary in practice, in Form MR-3 with the annual report of the listed entity.			
July to September	There must be at least four Board Meetings in every calendar year and in the manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings in compliance with the provisions of section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial Standard-1.			
	Where the board of directors are approving any contract or agreement to be entered with any related party under section 188 or in which any director is concerned or interested under section 184(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 then the interested director shall be entitled to participate in respect of such item after disclosure of his interest and register under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which such transaction is entered shall be placed at next Board Meeting in order to take the signature of all the directors who are present in the meeting.			
	Note : Entry to be made in Register of contracts or arrangements regarding the contract or arrangement entered into by the Company with related party which are either not in its ordinary course of business or not on arm's length basis or both. After entering the particulars, such register or registers shall be placed before the next meeting of the Board and signed by all the directors present at the meeting.			
	To hold the meeting of Board of Directors of the Company:			
	To fix the date of Board meeting and send notice in writing to every director of the company by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by facsimile or by e-mail or by any other electronic means by giving not less than 7 days' notice before the date of meeting, unless the Articles prescribe a longer period. In case of Company sends the notice by speed post or by registered post, then additional two days shall be added for the service of notice.			
	In case, the Board meeting conducted at a shorter notice, the Company may choose an expedient mode of sending notice.			
	In case the facility of participation through electronic mode is being made available, the notice shall provide the information to the directors about the availability of such facility and provide them necessary information to avail such facility. Further, the notice shall also contain the contact number or e-mail address (es) of the Chairman or the Company Secretary or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the Director shall confirm in this regard.			
	To hold the Board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Rule 3& 4 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 if meeting is held through video conferencing or other audio visual means.			
	Note: MCA vide its notification dated 15 th June, 2021 has omitted Rule 4 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Consequent upon the said			



amendment, Board Meeting may be held through video conferencing or other audio visual means in accordance with Rule 3 of The Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 in compliance with Section 173 read with the rules made thereunder.
Rules, 2014 In compliance with Section 175 read with the rules made thereunder.
To obtain following declarations, disclosures, offer letter, consent letter with respect to:
the confirmation in Form DIR-8 under section 164(2) from all the directors of the Company with respect to their eligibility for appointment or re- appointment, whether they are Rotational Director or Additional Director to be appointed as Director at the AGM.
change in his concern or interest in any company or companies or body corporate in Form MBP-1 from all the directors and Key Managerial Personnel under section 184(1) and 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, respectively.
 declaration from Independent Directors under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013
To obtain offer letter, Form DIR-2 from the Rotational Directors and offer letter, Form DIR-2 and Form DIR-8 from Additional Director (along with Rs. 1 lakh) for his Appointment at the Annual General Meeting
As per section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, the requirements of deposit of amount shall not apply in case of the appointment of an independent director or a director recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, if any, constituted under sub-section (1) of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 or a director recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company, in the case of a company not required to constitute Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
To obtain eligibility certificate and consent from the Statutory Auditors at time of appointment / re-appointment in terms of Section 139 and 141 of Companies Act, 2013. Further, the eligibility certificate should also be taken on annual basis during the tenure of the auditor.
To obtain Form DIR-2 and Form DIR 8 from the Additional Director for recommending their appointment by the Board of Directors as Director at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, if any.
In case a person seeking appointment as Director in a Company (either in existing Company or at time of incorporation) and such person is national of a country which shares land border with India, then such person has to obtain security clearance form Ministry of Home Affairs and attach the same with the consent in Form DIR-2. If not applicable, then given declaration to that effect in Form DIR-2.
[Refer CACS Bulletin:- <u>http://www.cacsindia.com/Uploads/Files/a154801b-76e6-4202-abbf-50eadf7d1a83.pdf]</u>
HoldingofImage: To hold the board meeting as per schedule and in compliance with Section 173 read with the rules made thereunder for:

 - To take note of disclosure/declaration(s) received from the directors and Key
Managerial Personnel of the Company
 To take note of the specific disclosure received from the directors in respect of proposed contract or arrangement in the meeting
- To take on record Committee Meetings Minutes
- To take note of resolution passed by circulation by board of directors since last board
meeting, if any
 To take note of Related Party Transactions for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 To recommend the dividend on per share basis (all dividend and/or cash bonuses should be recommended or declared at least 5 working days before commencement of the closure of its transfer books or the record date fixed for the purpose). To approve annual action plan in pursuance of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company and CSR Budget, Projects and Programs for the Financial Year 2022 – 23 (if not approved in last quarter)
 To consider and recommend the payment of dividend, if any, for the Financial Year 2021-22
- To consider and approve opening of Dividend Account
 To consider and approve the Audited Financial Statement (Standalone and Consolidated) along with the Auditors Report under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- To appoint Internal Auditor for the FY 2022 -23
 To appoint Secretarial Auditor for the FY 2022 -23 To take note of Secretarial Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
- To take note Internal Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
- To take note Cost Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
- To appoint Cost Auditor for the FY 2022 -23, if applicable
- To recommend remuneration to Cost Auditor for approval at AGM
- To approve the Annual Report on CSR for the FY 2021 -22
- To take note of Annual Secretarial Audit Report for the FY 2021 -22
 To recommend the appointment of auditors To recommend the appointment of retiring directors
 To approve the Board's Report along with its annexures for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022
 To approve all other special business which is to be included in the notice of AGM To fix AGM date (If Financial year of the company ends on 31st March of this year the Annual General Meeting must be held on or before 30th September, 2022. However, gap between two Annual General Meetings should not be more than 15 months). To approve the notice for convening the AGM and authorize any director or the company secretary for the issuance of notice of the AGM
 To check: a) Regularization of additional director
 a) Regularization of additional director b) Appointment / Re-appointment of Managerial Personnel, as may be applicable c) Any other item requiring shareholders' approval
If Dividend declared by the Company at AGM, a separate bank account is to be opened and the dividend amount must be deposited with the bank within a period of five days from the date of declaration.

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	 Thereafter the dividend amount shall be distributed among the entitled shareholders of the company within thirty days from the date of the declaration. 		
	If, Dividend is not paid or claimed within thirty days from the date of the declaration to an shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall, within seven day from the date of expiry of the said period of thirty days, transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed to a special account to be opened by the company in that behalf in any scheduled bank to be called the Unpaid Dividend Account.		
	Further, the unpaid or unclaimed Dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of a company, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer shall be transferred by the company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as per the IEPF Rules, 2016.		
CSR Committee Meeting	If CSR is applicable on the Company then as per the CSR policy of the company the CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to update the Committee w.r.t. the status of the projects, programs or activities undertaken during the period.		
	CSR Committee shall convene its meeting to recommend the following to the Board for its approval:		
	 Recommendation of Annual Action Plan, CSR Activities and manner of implementation along with Budget for Financial Year 2022–23. (If not approved in the meeting convened in the last quarter). Further, the Board of Directors of the Company shall mandatorily disclose the composition of the CSR Committee, and CSR Policy and Projects approved by the Board on their website, if any, for public access. 		
	 If CSR was applicable on the Company during FY 2021-22, the CSR Committee shall recommend to the Board for the approval of the annual report on CSR activities as per the format specified in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, which shall form the part of Board's Report and also upload the same on website of the Company, if any. 		
	To obtain Certificate from Chief Financial Officer or the person responsible for financial management of the Company that CSR funds so disbursed have been utilised for the purposes and in the manner as approved.		
	Transfer any unspent amount which does not relate to ongoing projects to a Fund specified in Schedule VII within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year and specify the reasons in Board report for not spending the amount.		
	If the company is having any surplus arising out of the CSR activities shall not form part of the business profit of a company and the same is required to be ploughed back into the same project or transferred to the Unspent CSR Account and spent in pursuance of CSR policy and annual action plan of the company or transfer such surplus amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII, within a period of 6 months of the expiry of the financial year.		

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Up to 15 th July	To file RBI Annual Return on foreign liabilities and assets ('FLA'), it is required to be submitted by all the Indian resident companies which have received FDI and/ or made overseas investment in any of the previous year(s), including current year by July 15, 2022. It is to be submitted to the RBI through web based portal.
	Further, if Company would be filing such Annual Return on Foreign Liabilities and Assets (FLA return) based on un-audited (Provisional) financials of Company for FY 2021-22, then Once the accounts get audited and there are revisions in the provisional information submitted by the company earlier, they are supposed to submit the revised FLA return based on audited accounts by end of 30 th September, 2022.
	Company should ensure that the details of authorized person as registered in FLAIR Portal are updated and latest. In case of any change in details, the same should be updated.
Up to 30th September	Every individual who holds a Director Identification Number (DIN) as on March 31 of a Financial Year ("FY") as per these rules shall submit e-form DIR-3-KYC for the said FY to the Central Government on or before September 30 of immediate next FY.
	Where an individual who has already submitted e-form DIR-3 KYC in relation to any previous financial year, submits web-form DIR-3 KYC-WEB through the web service upto September 30 of immediate next FY.
Before Approval of Board report for previous	All Companies who have made downstream investment shall obtain a certificate from its statutory auditor on an annual basis, before approval of Board Report for the FY 2021-22 and such compliance shall be mentioned in the Board report in the Annual Report of Company.
financial year	In case statutory auditor has given a qualified report, the same shall be immediately brought to the notice of the regional office of the Reserve Bank in whose jurisdiction the Registered Office of the company is located and shall also obtain acknowledgement from the Registered Office.
	[Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 as notified on dated October 17, 2019 S.O. 3732(E) dated October 17, 2019]
Form MGT-14	Form MGT-14 is required to be filed within 30 days from the date of passing the Board resolutions, if any of powers are exercised in Board Meeting as contained in section 117(3) of the Companies Act 2013 and Rule 8 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rule 2014.
Consolidation of Financial Statements	The company shall present in the annual report, the consolidated financial statements of all subsidiaries, associate(s) or any joint venture companies duly audited by its statutory auditors, along with Auditors report thereon.
	The company shall also attach along with its financial statement, a separate statement in Form AOC-1 containing the salient features of the financial statement of its subsidiary or subsidiaries and associate company or companies.
AGM Notice	For the purpose of reckoning twenty-one days clear Notice, the day of sending the Notice and the day of Meeting shall not be counted. Further in case the company sends the Notice by post or courier, an additional two days shall be provided for the service of Notice.
	Notice and accompanying documents may be given at a shorter period of time if consent in

writing is given thereto, by physical or electronic means, by not less than ninety-five per cent of the Members entitled to vote at such meeting.

Notice shall specify the day, date, time and full address of the venue of the Meeting.

Physical Meeting:

Notice shall contain complete particulars of the venue of the Meeting including route map and prominent land mark for easy location. In case of companies having a website, the route map shall be hosted along with the Notice on the website.

Notice shall be accompanied, by an attendance slip and a Proxy form (MGT-11) with clear instructions for filling, stamping, signing and/or depositing the Proxy form

An opportunity should be provided to the members to register his e-mail address and changes therein from time to time with the company or with the concerned depository.

Notice of the meeting shall be sent by prescribed mode as mentioned in Section 20 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standard-2.

If notice is sent through electronic mode, then procedure prescribed in Rule 18 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is to be complied with.

Virtual Meeting:

If Company decides to hold AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) as per the MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars), there is no need to annex attendance slip, route map with prominent land mark for easy location, and Proxy form. However, compliances applicable to public company are to be ensured as mentioned in the circulars.

• Transcript shall be maintained and recorded in safe custody by the Company. In case of a public company, the recorded transcript of the meeting, shall as soon as possible, be also made available on the website (if any) of the Company.

MCA vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05th May, 2022, has allowed companies to conduct their AGM (which will become due in the year 2021) through VC or OAVM up to 31st December, 2022 in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05th May, 2020.

*Further, MCA vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05*th May, 2022 shall not be construed as conferring any extension of time for holding of AGMs by the companies under the Companies Act, 2013, and the companies which do not adhere to the relevant timelines shall remain subject to legal action under the Companies Act, 2013.

WebsiteThe website of the company shall be updated by uploading the following:

- Notice of AGM
- CSR Policy, CSR Composition, CSR Projects and CSR Annual report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022



Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial statements of the Company Annual report of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 Copy of the annual return of the Company i.e. Form MGT-7 along with the Form MGT-8 and other necessary annexure. Annual Report Board's Report along with the copies of full financial statement including consolidated financial to be statements; if any along with its attachments shall be sent to every Director, member, Auditor of forwarded to the Company to the date of meeting. Pursuant to MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars), the financial statements (including Board's report, Auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therwith) shall be sent to be members, rustees for the debentureholder of any debentures issued by the company, and to all other persons so entitled. Physical dispatch of the Annual Report is at the option of the Company in view of said circulars. Inspection of All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be open for inspection and time and place for inspection of the documents must be available to the members electronically. AGM Compliance For the purpose of AGM, the following shall be taken care of: Auditor shall, either by himself or through his authorized representative, who shall also be qualified to be an auditor, attend the AGM. He shall have a right to be heard at such meeting on any part of the business which concerns him as the auditor. AGM Companies Number of members						
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Pursuant to MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2022 (Circulars), the financial statements (including Board's report, Auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therewith) shall be sent only by email to the members, trustees for the debenture-holder of any debentures issued by the company, and to all other persons so entitled. Physical dispatch of the Annual Report is at the option of the Company in view of said circulars. Inspection of All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be open for inspection and time and place for inspection should be specified in the Explanatory Statement to notice of AGM. However, in view of relevant MCA circular, in case the Company is convening through VC/OAVM, then inspection of the documents must be available to the members electronically. AGM For the purpose of AGM, the following shall be taken care of: Compliance • Unless the articles of the Company otherwise provide, the members personally present at the meeting shall elect one of through his authorized representative, who shall also be qualified to be an auditor, attend the AGM. He shall have a right to be heard at such meeting on any part of the business which concerns him as the auditor. In case the AGM is being convened through VC, then presence of Auditor is mandatory. Secretarial Auditor shall, either by himself or through his authorized representative shall be present at the AGM. Quorum Companies Number of members Quorum Companies Not more than 1000 More than 1000 More than 1000 <l< td=""><td>to be forwarded to entitled</td><td colspan="4">statements, if any along with its attachments shall be sent to every Director, member, Auditor of the Company, trustees of the debenture holder and to all other entitled persons not less than 21</td></l<>	to be forwarded to entitled	statements, if any along with its attachments shall be sent to every Director, member, Auditor of the Company, trustees of the debenture holder and to all other entitled persons not less than 21				
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	 The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, or any other Member of any such Committee authorised by the Chairman of the respective Committee to attend on his behalf, shall attend the Annual General Meeting Following documents are to be kept open for inspection at every AGM, inter-alia,: Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding Register of Contracts and Arrangements with related parties Certificate from Secretarial auditor on the ESOP Scheme(s), if any. Proxy shall not have the right to speak at such meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll. However if the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then members cannot proxy to attend and members present through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of quorum.
ROC	✤ To file Form DIR - 12 with the ROC for the regularization of additional director as a
Compliance relating to	Director at the AGM within 30 days from the date of passing the resolution in the AGM.
AGM	In case any special resolution(s) is passed by the company at the AGM, the same is required to be filed in Form MGT - 14 with the ROC within 30 days from the date of passing such resolution(s).
	If the company decides to convene AGM through VC/OAVM, then the company has to file all resolutions passed (including Ordinary resolution) shall be filed with ROC within 60 days of passing and such resolutions clearly indicating that the mechanism provided in the MCA circulars dated MCA circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and along with other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder were duly complied.
	To file the Financial Statements including Consolidated Financial Statements, if applicable, in Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable) (with the ROC within 30 days from the date of Annual General Meeting. If the Company has Foreign Subsidiary then Accounts of Foreign Subsidiary is also to be attached and filed with Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable). Further, Financial Statement audited (under any law of the country of its incorporation) is in a language other than English, along with a translated copy of financial statement in English.
	To file annual return in Form MGT-7 with the ROC within 60 days from the date of Annual General Meeting. (Copy of MGT-8 is also required to be attached if applicable upon the company).
	 To file Form CSR-2 up to 31st March, 2023 after filing of financial statement in Form AOC-4 (Form AOC - 4 CFS, if applicable) or Form AOC-4 XBRL (if applicable)
	✤ Appointment letter is to be given to the auditor after his appointment and notice of his



	appointment to be filed with ROC in Form ADT-1 within 15 days of appointment.		
	 Appointment letter should be sent to the appointed directors, if any. 		
	To file other documents/ E-forms as per businesses transacted at the AGM, as per the relevant provisions of the Act.		
Secretarial	As per section 118(10) of the Act, Provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of		
Standards	company secretaries of India and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs shall be complied by the company.		
	Quick link to revised Secretarial Standard is		
	https://www.icsi.edu/WebModules/Announcement on Revised Secretarial Standards.pdf		
	Guidance Note on General Meetings:		
	https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/GN on General Meetings 31122020.pdf		
	https://www.cs.ced/medid/webmodules/on/on-oeneral meetings_stizz020.pdf		



THRESHOLD BASED COMPLIANCES UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

S.No.	Particulars	Reference	Criteria of Applicability
1	Acceptance of deposits from public	Section 76 Rule 2(1)(c)(xiv)(e) of Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014	Public Company having: Net worth ≤ Rs. 100 crores; or Turnover ≤ Rs. 500 crores
2	Filing of Annual Return (Certified by a PCS)	Section 92(2) Rule 11 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; or Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more; or Turnover = Rs. 50 crores or more.
3	Statement indicating Annual evaluation of its own performance by the Board in Financial Statement, Board's report, etc	Section 134(3) Rule 8(4) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; and Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 25 crores or more (calculated at the end of the FY).
4	Corporate Social Responsibility	Section 135	Every Company having: Net worth = Rs. 500 crore or more; or Turnover = Rs. 1000 cr or more; or Net Profit = Rs. 5 crore or more; (during immediate preceding FY)
5	Manner of circulation of Financial Statements in certain cases (By electronic mode & dispatch of physical copies)	Section 136 Rule 11 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; or Public Company having: Net Worth > Rs. 1 crores; or Turnover > Rs. 10 crores.
6	Internal Auditor	Section 138 Rule 13 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; Unlisted Public Company having: Paid up Share Capital = Rs. 50 crores or more (during the preceeding FY); or Turnover = Rs. 200 crore or more (during the preceeding FY); or Outstanding loans or borrowings from banks or public financial institutions > Rs. 100 crore or more (at any point of time



			during the preceding financial year); Outstanding Deposits = Rs. 25 crore or more (at any point of time during the preceding financial year); Private Company having: Turnover = Rs. 200 crore or more (during the preceding financial year); or Outstanding loans or borrowings from banks or public financial institutions > Rs. 100 crore or more (at any point of time during the preceding financial year)
7	Rotation of Auditors	Section 139(2) Rule 5 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014	(Excluding OPC and Small Companies) Unlisted Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more; Private Limited Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 50 crores or more; All Companies having paid up share capital of below threshold limit mentioned above, but having Public Borrowings from financial institutions, Banks or Public Deposits = Rs. 50 crores or more.
8	Application of Cost Records	Section 148 Rule 3 of Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014	Class of companies including foreign companies, engaged in the production of goods and services as specified in the Table of the referred Rules, having: Overall Turnover from all its Products or Services = Rs. 35 crores or more (immediately preceding FY)

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9	Cost Audit		Every Company including
		Section 148 Rule 4 of Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014	foreign companies, engaged in the production of goods and services as specified in the Table of Rule 3A, having: Overall Annual Turnover from all its Products or Services = Rs. 35 crores or more (during immediately preceding FY); and Aggregate Turnover of individual product/ products/ service/ services for which cost records are required to be maintained = Rs. 25 crores of more.
10	Cost Audit	Section 148 Rule 4 of Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014	Every Company including foreign companies, engaged in the production of goods and services as specified in the Table of Rule 3B, having: Overall Annual Turnover from all its Products or Services = Rs. 100 crores or more (during immediately preceeding FY); and Aggregate Turnover of individual product/ products/ service/ services for which cost records are required to be maintained = Rs. 35 crores of more.
11	Non Applicability of Cost Audit	Section 148 Rule 4 of Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014	Company covered under Rule 3 of Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and: whose Revenue from Exports in foreign exchange > 75% of its Total Revenue; or which is operating from a special economic zone.



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12	Woman Director	Section 149(1) Rule 3 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 100 crores or more; or Turnover = Rs. 300 crores or more (as on the last date of latest audited Financial Statements)
13	Number of Independent director	Section 149(4) Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014	Atleast one-third of total number of Directors: Listed Company. Atleast 2: Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more; or Turnover = Rs. 100 crores or more; or Outstanding Loans + Debentures + Deposits > Rs. 50 crores. (as on the last date of latest audited Financial Statements)
14	Audit Committee	Section 177 Rule 6 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014	Listed Company Public
15	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Section 178 Rule 6 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014	Listed Company Public Company having: Paid Up Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more; or Turnover = Rs. 100 crores or more; or Outstanding Loans + Debentures + Deposits > Rs. 50 crores. (as on the last date of latest audited Financial Statements)

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16	Appointment of KMP	Section 203 Rule 8 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more.
17	Appointment of Company Secretary	Section 203 Rule 8A of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014	Companies having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 10 crores or more.
18	Secretarial Audit Report	Section 204(1) Rule 9 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014	Listed Company; Public Company having: Paid Up Share Capital = Rs. 50 crores or more; or Turnover = Rs. 250 crores or more; or Having outstanding loans or borrowings from banks or public financial institutions of 100 crore rupees or more.
19	Vigil / Whistle Blower Mechanism	Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of (Meetings of Board and its Powers)	Every Listed Company and the Companies belonging to the following class or classes: The Companies which accept deposits from the public; The Companies which have borrowed money from banks and public financial institutions in excess of Rs. 50 Crore.



IEPF Compliances

Form No. & Reference	Particulars and Timeline	
IEPF-1 Rule 5(1) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016	Any amount required to be credited by the companies to the Fund as provided under clauses (a) to (n) of sub-section (2) of section 125 of the Act shall be remitted online along with a Statement in Form No. IEPF 1 containing details of such transfer to the Authority within a period of thirty days of such amounts becoming due to be credited to the Fund.	
IEPF 2 [Rule 5(8) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016]	An annual statement or information of unclaimed and unpaid amounts separately for each of the previous seven financial years in respect of as referred in subsection (2) of section 125 of the Act, as on the date of closure of financial year on which it would have been held till completion of seven years period containing the following information is to be filed within a period of sixty days from the date of annual general meeting or the date on which it would have been held:	
IEPF 3 [Section 124 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016]	Due to the order of Court or Tribunal or any statutory authority, if the company does not transfer the shares and payment of dividend or where such shares are pledged or hypothecated under the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 or shares already been transferred under rule 6(1), the company shall furnish such details within 30 days of end of financial year.	
IEPF 4 [Rule 6(5) & 6(8) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and	n statement to the Authority in Form No. IEPF-4 within thirty days of the corporate action taken under clause (c) of sub-rule (3) of rule 6 containing	



Refund) Rules, 2016]	All benefits accruing on such shares like bonus shares, split, consolidation, fraction shares and the like except right issue shall also be credited to such DEMAT account by the Company within thirty days of the corporate action containing details of such transfer.
IEPF 7 [Rule6(13) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016]	Statement of amounts credited by the companies to the Fund as provided under sub-rule (10) (11) and (12) of Rule 6.

Major Compliance of Secretarial Standard-1 applicable for all companies

*	Notice shall be issued by the Company Secretary or where there is no Company Secretary, any Director or any other person authorized by the Board for the purpose.
*	A Director shall neither be reckoned for Quorum nor shall be entitled to participate in respect of an item of business in which he is interested. However, in case of a private company, a Director shall be entitled to participate in respect of such item after disclosure of his interest
*	Quorum shall be present throughout the Meeting.
*	Proof of sending the following shall be maintained by the Company for such period as decided by the Board, which shall not be less than three years from the date of the Meeting:
	 notice and its delivery; agenda and notes on agenda and their delivery; sending and delivery of the draft of the resolution by circulation and the necessary papers; draft minutes and its delivery; signed Minutes and its delivery;
*	Company shall maintain attendance register for the Meetings of the Board and Meetings of the Committee in pursuant to the provisions stated in the standard. If an attendance register is maintained in loose- leaf form, it shall be bound periodically, at least once in every three years. A distinct Minutes Book shall be maintained for Meetings of the Board and each of its Committees in pursuant to the provisions stated in the standard
*	Within fifteen days from the date of the conclusion of the Meeting of the Board or the Committee, the draft Minutes thereof shall be circulated by hand or by speed post or by registered post or by courier or by e-mail

	or by any other recognized electronic means to all the members of the Board or the Committee, as on the date of the meeting, for their comments.
•	 Minutes must be entered in the Minutes Book within 30 days from the date of conclusion of the meeting.
•	Minutes of the meeting must be signed and dated by the Chairman of the meeting or by the Chairman of the next board meeting.
•	Signed minutes certified by the Company Secretary or where there is no Company Secretary, by any Director authorized by the board shall be circulated to all the Directors, as on the date of the meeting and appointed thereafter, except to those directors who have waived their right to receive the same either in writing or such waiver is recorded in the Minutes within 15 days of signing.

WEBSITE UPDATION BY THE COMPANIES AS PER THE COMPANIES ACT AND LISTING REGULATIONS

Regulation 23 (9) of	✤ The listed entity shall submit within 30 days	
the SEBI Listing	publication of its standalone and consolidated fina	ncial results for the
(Obligation and	half year, disclosures of related party transactions	s on a consolidated
Disclosure	basis, in the format specified in the relevant accou	inting standards for
Requirement)	annual results to the stock exchanges and publis	sh the same on its
Regulations, 2015	website.	
Regulation 30 (4)(ii),	 Policy for determination of materiality. 	
30 (5) and 30 (8) of	✤ Contact details of the personnel who is authorized	for determining the
the SEBI Listing	materiality.	
(Obligation and	 Any material information or events as per archival 	policy.
Disclosure		-
Requirement)		
Regulations, 2015		
Regulation 34 of the	The listed entity shall submit to the stock exchange	e and publish on its
SEBI Listing	website.	
(Obligation and		
Disclosure		
Requirement)		
Regulations, 2015		
Regulation 43A of the	✤ The top 1000 listed entities based on market capit.	alization (calculated
SEBI Listing	as on March 31 of every financial year) shall fo	rmulate a dividend
(Obligation and	distribution policy which shall be disclosed on the w	vebsite of the listed
Disclosure	entity and a web-link shall also be provided in their	annual reports.
Requirement)	✤ If the listed entity proposes to declare dividen	d on the basis of
Regulations, 2015	parameters in addition to clauses (a) to (e) or p such additional parameters or the dividend	



[]		
	contained in any of the parameters, it shall disclose such changes	
	along with the rationale for the same in its annual report and on its	
	website.	
Regulation 46 of the	The website of the company shall be disseminate the following information:	
SEBI Listing	i. details of its business;	
(Obligation and	ii. terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors;	
Disclosure	iii. composition of various committees of board of directors;	
Requirement)	iv. code of conduct of board of directors and senior management	
Regulations, 2015	personnel;	
Regulations, 2015	• •	
	v. details of establishment of vigil mechanism/ Whistle Blower policy;	
	vi. criteria of making payments to non-executive directors , if the same	
	has not been disclosed in annual report;	
	vii. policy on dealing with related party transactions;	
	viii. policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries;	
	ix. details of familiarization programmes imparted to independent	
	directors including the following details:-	
	a. number of programmes attended by independent directors	
	(during the year and on a cumulative basis till date),	
	b. number of hours spent by independent directors in such	
	programmes (during the year and on cumulative basis till	
	date), and	
	c. other relevant details	
	x. the email address for grievance redressal and other relevant details;	
	xi. contact information of the designated officials of the listed entity	
	who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances;	
	xii. financial information including:	
	a. notice of meeting of the board of directors where financial	
	results shall be discussed;	
	b. financial results, on conclusion of the meeting of the board of	
	directors where the financial results were approved;	
	c. complete copy of the annual report including balance sheet,	
	profit and loss account, directors report, corporate governance	
	report etc;	
	xiii. shareholding pattern;	
	xiv. details of agreements entered into with the media companies and/or	
	their associates, etc;	
	xv. Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet and	
	presentations made by the listed entity to analysts or institutional	
	investors.	
	Explanation: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group	
	meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through	
	digital means;	
	xvi. Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly	
	calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through	
	digital means, simultaneously with submission to the recognized	
	stock exchange(s), in the following manner:	
	 a. the presentation and the audio/video recordings shall be 	
	promptly made available on the website and in any case, before	
	the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the	
	conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;	

	b. the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the
	website within five working days of the conclusion of such calls:
	Provided that—
a.	The information under sub-clause (i) shall be hosted on the website of
	the listed entity for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as
	per the archival policy of the listed entity, as disclosed on its website.
b.	The information under sub-clause (ii) shall be hosted on the website of
_	the listed entity and preserved in accordance with clause (a) of
	regulation 9.
	The requirement for disclosure(s) of audio/video recordings and
	transcript shall be voluntary with effect from April 01, 2021 and
	mandatory with effect from April 01, 2022;
xvii.	
	period of one year, from the date of the last name change;
xviii.	
×v	5 (7) 5
	i. financial results, as specified in regulation 33, along-with the
	modified opinion(s) or reservation(s), if any, expressed by
	the auditor:
	Provided that if the listed entity has submitted both
	standalone and consolidated financial results, the listed
	entity shall publish consolidated financial results along-with
	(1) Turnover, (2) Profit before tax and (3) Profit after tax, on
	a stand-alone basis, as a foot note; and a reference to the
	places, such as the website of listed entity and stock
	exchange(s), where the standalone results of the listed
	entity are available.
	ii. notices given to shareholders by advertisement.
xix.	With effect from October 1, 2018, all credit ratings obtained by the
	entity for all its outstanding instruments, updated immediately as
	and when there is any revision in any of the ratings.
xx.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	listed entity in respect of a relevant financial year, uploaded at least
	21 days prior to the date of the annual general meeting which has
	been called to inter alia consider accounts of that financial year:
Provid	ed that a listed entity, which has a subsidiary incorporated outside
India-	
a.	where such subsidiary is statutorily required to prepare consolidated
	financial statement under any law of the country of its incorporation,
	the requirement of this proviso shall be met if consolidated financial
	statement of such subsidiary is placed on the website of the listed
	entity;
b.	where such subsidiary is not required to get its financial statement
	audited under any law of the country of its incorporation and which
	does not get such financial statement audited, the holding Indian
	listed entity may place such unaudited financial statement on its
	website and where such financial statement is in a language other
	than English, a translated copy of the financial statement in English
	shall also be placed on the website;
xxi.	



	xxii.	24A of these regulations; disclosure of the policy for determination of materiality of events or information required under clause (ii), sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30 of these regulations;
	xxiii.	disclosure of contact details of key managerial personnel who are authorized for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and for the purpose of making disclosures to stock exchange(s) as required under sub-regulation (5) of regulation 30 of these regulations;
	xxiv.	disclosures under sub-regulation (8) of regulation 30 of these regulations;
	xxv.	statements of deviation(s) or variation(s) as specified in regulation 32 of these regulations;
	xxvi.	dividend distribution policy by listed entities based on market capitalization as specified in sub-regulation (1) of regulation 43A;
	xxvii.	annual return as provided under section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.
Section 92 of the	*	Copy of the annual return on the website of the company, if any, and
Companies Act, 2013		the web-link of such annual return shall be disclosed in the Board's report.
Section 136(1) of the	*	Financial statements including consolidated financial statements, if
Companies Act, 2013		any, of the Company and all other documents required to be attached
		thereto,
	*	Separate audited accounts in respect of each of subsidiary
	*	In case of a subsidiary incorporated outside India and consolidation of financial statement are mandatory under any law of the country of its incorporation – the consolidated financial statements of such foreign subsidiary is placed on the website of the company
	*	In case of a subsidiary incorporated outside India and the financial statements are not required to be audited under any law of the country of its incorporation and the subsidiary company does not get its financial statements audited, the holding Indian listed company may place such unaudited financial statement on its website. Further, where such financial statement is in a language other than English, a translated copy of the financial statement in English shall also be placed on the website.
Rule 15 of Companies	*	Details / Notice of Resignation letter in terms of Section 168 of the
(Appointment and		Companies Act, 2013.
Qualification of		
Directors) Rules,		
2014		
Rule 23 Companies	*	Any Special Notice received under section 115 read with Rules made
(Management and		thereunder.
Administration)		
Rules, 2014		
Rule 18(3) and 10 (1)	*	Notice of General Meetings / Postal Ballot as and when convened at
of Companies	•	the time of sending the same to the shareholders.
(Management and	*	Notice of closure of Register of Members / Debenture Holders or other
Administration) Rule,		security holder or fixing of the record date for the same.



2014		
Section 124 of	 Statement of Unpaid Dividend Account. 	
Companies Act, 2013		
Rule 22 of Companies	 Notice of e-voting. 	
(Management and	Result of e-voting along with Scrutinizer Report of General Meeting /	
Administration)	Postal Ballot on the website of the Company as well as Agency who	
Rules, 2014	has provided e-voting platform.	
Section 135 of	 Composition of CSR Committee; 	
Companies Act, 2013	 CSR policy; 	
read with Rule 9 of	 CSR Projects approved by the Board. 	
the Companies		
(Corporate Social		
Responsibility Policy)	Responsibility Policy)	
Amendment Rules,	mendment Rules,	
2021		
Section 150 (1) of	Manner of appointment of Independent Director along with	
Companies Act, 2013	appointment letter and terms and conditions of appointment of	
	Independent Director.	
Section 160 of	✤ Notice of candidature for directorship in terms of section 160 of the	
Companies Act, 2013	Companies Act, 2013.	



IMPORTANT UPDATES

Securities Exchange Board of India and Stock Exchanges has come up with the circulars for providing relaxation from various compliances to be done by the Companies which are as follows:

DATE	SUBJECT MATTER	LINKS
September 15, 2021	 All the Listed Debt issuers are requested to submit the following in XBRL mode only: Credit Rating, Interest Payment, Redemption Payment Default History 	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20210915-2
September 30, 2021	Guidance note on SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 23(9) regarding disclosure of related party transactions.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20210930-11
October 01, 2021	 High value Debt listed entities require to follow following formats for the purpose for various disclosures: SEBI circular No. CIR/CFD/1/27/2019 dated February 08, 2019 on the Annual Secretarial Audit Report and Secretarial Compliance report. Annexure 1 of SEBI circular No SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD-2/P/CIR/2021/567 dated May 31, 2021 on the quarterly format for reporting on Corporate Governance compliances. Part C (disclosures in corporate governance report as part of annual report), D (Declaration by CEO on compliance of the management and directors with the code of conduct) and E (Compliance certificate by auditors or practising Company Secretary of corporate governance compliance) of schedule V of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. 	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20211001-3



October 01,	Relaxations relating to procedural matters -	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
	Issues and Listing	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
2021		<u>rs.aspx?page=20211007-3</u>
	Revised Formats for filing Financial	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
October 5,	information.	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
2021		rs.aspx?page=20211007-4
2021		<u>15.aspx:page=20211007-4</u>
	Revised Formats for Limited Review/ Audit	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
October 14,	Report for issuers of nonconvertible securities	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
2021		<u>rs.aspx?page=20211019-24</u>
Octobor 10	Filling of all Related Party Transaction shall be	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
October 19,	made in XBRL mode only.	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
2021		<u>rs.aspx?page=20211019-25</u>
	CEPI (Jacua of Carital and Disclosure	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
October 26,	SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
2021	Requirements) (Fourth Amendment)	rs.aspx?page=20211101-7
	Regulations, 2021	
	Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) on	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
	application filed under Regulation 37 of SEBI	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
November	(Listing Obligation and Disclosure	<u>rs.aspx?page=20211101-8</u>
01, 2021	Requirements) Regulations, 2015 w.r.t.	
	Scheme of Arrangements	
		https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
02, 2021	and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities)	rs.aspx?page=20211102-8
	Regulations, 2021	
	Securities and Exchange Board of India	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	(Listing Obligations and Disclosure	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
15, 2021	Requirements) (Sixth Amendment)	<u>rs.aspx?page=20211115-12</u>
	Regulations, 2021.	https://www.basindia.com/markata
November		https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	Schemes of Arrangement by Listed Entities	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
18, 2021		<u>rs.aspx?page=20211118-55</u>
		https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	Disclosure obligations of listed entities in	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
22, 2021	relation to Related Party Transactions	rs.aspx?page=20211124-39
	-	
	Master Circular on Scheme of Arrangement by	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	Listed Entities and Relaxation under Sub-rule	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
23, 2021	(7) of rule 19 of the Securities Contracts	<u>rs.aspx?page=20211124-40</u>
_,	(Regulation) Rules, 1957	
· · ·	Non-compliance with certain provisions of	https://www.bseindia.com/markets
November	SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure	/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula
23, 2021	Requirements) Regulations, 2018.	rs.aspx?page=20211126-7
L		ISTROPATPAGE ZUZITIZO /



December 06, 2021	SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2021.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20211213-8
December 22, 2021	FAQ's - LODR amendments dated August 03, 2021	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20211222-39
December 22, 2021	Extension of facility for conducting annual meeting and other meetings of unit holders of REITs and InvITs through Video Conferencing (VC) or through Other Audio-Visual means	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20211223-16
December 30, 2021	Non-compliance with provisions related to continuous disclosures	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20211230-4
January 03, 2022	Schemes of Arrangement by Listed Entities - Clarification w.r.t. timing of submission of NOC from the lending scheduled commercial banks/ financial institutions/ debenture trustee	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220105-4
January 07, 2022	Formats specifying disclosure of Corporate Governance by High value debt listed entities	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220107-16
January 07, 2022	Disclosure obligations of listed entities in relation to Related Party Transactions	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220110-11
January 14, 2022	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2022	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220118-7
January 24, 2022	SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2022	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220502-21
February 1, 2022	Schemes of Arrangement by listed entities	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220203-1
February 25, 2022	SEBI circular dated Feb 25, 2022 regarding Extension to SEBI Circular on "Relaxation in adherence to prescribed timelines issued by SEBI due to Covid 19" dated April 13, 2020.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220228-7
March 7, 2022	Automation of disclosure requirements under SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011-System Driven Disclosures – Ease of doing business.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220308-8



March 8, 2022	Revision to operational circular for issue and listing of Non-convertible Securities, Securitised Debt Instruments, Security Receipts, Municipal Debt Securities and Commercial Paper.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220309-8
March 8, 2022	Standardisation of industry classification – Revision in Chapter – XIV of Operational Circular for issue and listing of Non- convertible Securities, Securitised Debt Instruments, Security Receipts, Municipal Debt Securities and Commercial Paper.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220325-7
March 22, 2022	SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2022	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220502-22
March 30, 2022	Clarification on applicability of regulation 23 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 in relation to Related Party Transactions.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220331-11
April 07, 2022	FAQs on Securities and Exchange Board of India (ICDR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2022 dated January 14, 2022.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220407-29
April 08, 2022	Updated FAQ's on Regulation 17(1C) of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220408-45
April 08, 2022	Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) for dispute resolution available under the stock exchange arbitration mechanism for disputes between a listed company and its shareholder(s)/ investor(s)	
April 08, 2022	Clarification on applicability of Regulation 23(4) read with Regulation 23(3)(e) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 in relation to Related Party Transactions	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220412-38
April 11, 2022	Securities and Exchange Board of India (LODR) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2022	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220425-3
April 11, 2022	SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) (Amendment) Regulations, 2022	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220425-14



April 12, 2022	XBRL based filing of Statement of investor compliant under Regulation 13(3) for Listed Companies at BSE	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220412-39
April 25, 2022	Guidance Note on disclosure of Related Party Transactions	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220425-30
April 27, 2022	Format of the Initial & Annual Disclosure to be made by an entity identified as a "Large Corporate"	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220427-2
May 04, 2022	Operational Circular for issue and listing of Non-convertible Securities, Securitised Debt Instruments, Security Receipts, Municipal Debt Securities and Commercial Paper	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220504-22
May 16, 2022	Relaxation from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220516-4
May 17, 2022	Relaxation from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220517-24
May 18, 2022	Simplification of procedure and standardization of formats of documents for transmission of securities	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220520-2
May 20, 2022	Streamlining the Process of Rights Issue	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220520-1
May 26, 2022	Simplification of procedure and standardization of formats of documents for issuance of duplicate securities certificates	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220526-15
June 03, 2022	Extension of facility for conducting AGM and other meetings of unitholders of REITs & InvITs through Video Conferencing (VC) or through Other Audio-Visual means (OAVM).	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220607-6
June 21, 2022	Filing of Report to SEBI in respect of any acquisition made in reliance upon exemption provided for in regulation 10 of SAST Regulations, 2011	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220621-55
June 21, 2022	Filing of Report to SEBI in respect of any acquisition made in reliance upon exemption provided for in regulation 10 of SAST Regulations, 2011	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220621-55



June 30, 2022	Disclosure of holding of specified securities and holding of specified securities in dematerialized form.	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220630-38
July 01, 2022	FAQs-Disclosure of holding of specified securities and holding of specified securities in dematerialized form	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220701-40
July 04, 2022	Advisory under Regulation 46 and 62 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015	https://www.bseindia.com/markets /MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCircula rs.aspx?page=20220704-44

RECENT MCA NOTIFICATIONS/CIRCULARS

Clarification on passing of ordinary and special	
Clarification on passing of ordinary and special	
Clarification on passing of ordinary and special	
Clarification on passing of ordinary and special	
	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
resolutions by Companies under the Companies	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder on	=MjA1NTg=&docCategory=Ci
account of Covid-19.	<u>rculars&type=open</u>
Relaxation of time for filling forms related to	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
creation or modification of charges under the	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made	=MjE2ODk=&docCategory=Ci
thereunder.	<u>rculars&type=open</u>
Clarification on spending CSR funds for Covid-19	https://www.mca.gov.in/cont
vaccination.	ent/mca/global/en/acts-
	rules/ebooks/circulars.html
Companies (Registration of Foreign Companies)	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
Amendment Rules, 2021	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	=MzMzMjI=&docCategory=N
	otifications&type=open
	esolutions by Companies under the Companies act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder on account of Covid-19. Relaxation of time for filling forms related to reation or modification of charges under the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made hereunder. Clarification on spending CSR funds for Covid-19 accination.



August 05,	Companies (Specification of definitions details)	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2021	Third Amendment Rules, 2021	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=MzMzMjM=&docCategory=N
		otifications&type=open
August 19,	Companies (Appointment and Qualification of	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2021	Directors) Amendment Rules, 2021	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		<u>=MzU0MTU=&docCategory=</u>
		Notifications&type=open
August 19,	Companies (Creation and Maintenance of databank	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2021	of Independent Directors) Second Amendment	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	Rules, 2021	=MzU0MTY=&docCategory=N
		otifications&type=open
August 25,	Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on Corporate	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2021	Social Responsibility (CSR).	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=MzU0NzM=&docCategory=C
		irculars&type=open
November	Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
09, 2021	(Accounting, Audit,	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	Transfer and Refund) Second Amendment Rules,	=NDA5OTA=&docCategory=
	2021	Notifications&type=open
December	Clarification on holding of AGM through Video	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
08, 2021	Conference (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	(OAVM).	=NDExNDI=&docCategory=Ci
		<u>rculars&type=open</u>
December	Clarification on passing of Ordinary and Special	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
08, 2021	resolutions by the Companies under the Companies	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	Act 2013 read with rules made thereunder.	=NDExNDA=&docCategory=C
		irculars&type=open

December	Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority	https://www.mca.cov/in/hin/
		https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
28, 2021	(Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund), Third	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	Amendment, Rules, 2021	=NDEzNDY=&docCategory=N
		<u>otifications&type=open</u>
January 11,	Companies (Registration Offices and Fees) Rules	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	2014.	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=NDE00DU=&docCategory=
		<u>Notifications&type=open</u>
February 11,	The Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules,	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		<pre>=MTE3OTE2OTE=&docCatego</pre>
		<u>ry=Notifications&type=open</u>
April 06,	Companies (Management and Administration)	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Amendment Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=NDY4MzE1MjA=&docCatego
		ry=Notifications&type=open
April 08,	The Companies (Incorporation) Amendment Rules,	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=NjIzMjE5NzM=&docCategor
		<u>y=Notifications&type=open</u>
April 27,	Companies (Registration of Charges) Amendment	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=NzQ1MTQ4NDI=&docCateq
		ory=Notifications&type=open
May 04,	Companies (Share Capital and Debentures)	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Amendment Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=Nzg2MjcwNzE=&docCategor
		y=Notifications&type=open
		,



May 05,	Clarification on holding of AGM through Video	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Conference (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
2022	(OAVM).	=Nzq2MzA1NTc=&docCatego
		ry=Circulars&type=open
		<u>ry-circularsacype-open</u>
May 05,	Clarification on passing of Ordinary and Special	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	resolutions by the Companies under the Companies	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
2022	Act 2013 read with rules made thereunder.	=Nzg2Mjk4MzY=&docCategor
		<u>y=Circulars&type=open</u>
May 05,	Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Securities) Amendment Rules, 2022.	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=Nzg2MjU1Nzg=&docCategor
		y=Notifications&type=open
		······
May 20,	The Companies (Incorporation) Second	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Amendment Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=OTk2MzQ2NzU=&docCatego
		ry=Notifications&type=open
May 30,	Micro Finance/Micro Credit as an object in the	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Object Clause of MOA of Section 8 Companies	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	registered under the Companies Act 2013.	<u>=MTEwNjkyMTQ2&docCatego</u>
		<u>ry=Circulars&type=open</u>
May 30,	Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Amalgamations) Amendment Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=MTEwNjc1OTYz&docCategor
		<u>y=Notifications&type=open</u>
June 01,	Companies (Appointment and Qualification of	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Directors) Amendment Rules, 2022	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=MTE1OTMyNDY3&docCateg
		ory=Notifications&type=open
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June 10,	Companies (Appointment and Qualification of	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	Directors) Second Amendment, Rules, 2022.	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
		=MTE5MTY5MDUx&docCateg
		ory=Notifications&type=open
June 10,	Companies (Removal of Names of Companies from	https://www.mca.gov.in/bin/
2022	the Register of Companies) Amendment Rules,	ebook/dms/getdocument?doc
	2022	=MTE5MTczNTM1&docCatego
		ry=Notifications&type=open

Suggestions may be sent to rupesh@cacsindia.com

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